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OPEN LODGE.

Held by the Masons in Hartman's Hall.

GOOD WORK WELL BEGUN.

The Great Benevolent Fair Inaugurated Under Most Auspicious Circumstances Last Night—An Eloquent Address by Mayor Ullrich—The Booths and Their Attendants.

The great Masonic fair which has been an absorbing theme for press and public for months past was formally opened in Hartman's hall last evening, the managers having found it necessary to postpone the hour which was announced for yesterday forenoon. At 7 o'clock, after music by Wurzburg & Bronson's band, the stage was filled by prominent members of the order, and Chaplain-General H. N. Moore introduced Chairman R. D. Swartout. Mr. Swartout simply said: "I have nothing to say, but I will introduce our mayor, Edwin F. Uhl." The mayor responded as follows:

"In this city, where the first initiatory steps were taken looking to the founding and establishing of the Michigan Masonic home, having for its object the care and support of unfortunate brother Masons, their widows and orphans, followed by the purchase of a site and the erection to its present completeness of the beautiful home itself almost within range of our present view, it is fitting that this Masonic fair should be held, whose aim is to aid in the completion of that most noble and benevolent enterprise. I need not in this presence say that the people of this city feel sensibly that a great honor has been done them in this selection for your fair, and a great privilege extended which allows them the opportunity to do what they may in contributing to its success.

"The city itself would, if it were possible, clasp with her municipal hand the hand of each and every of the thousands of brothers, sisters and their friends who will come within her gates during the week now begun, and welcome to the homes of her sons and daughters all from abroad who thus are here to aid in the building up of a home for their less fortunate brothers.

"Through our ancient order comes to the present generation clothed with the hoar of many centuries, freighted with the accumulated wisdom of ages, and all along its pathway has scattered the seeds of kindliness, of philanthropy and of brotherly love which have sprung into flowers of perennial bloom, still, as I learn, the distinctive Masonic home is the product of modern times, the first having been established toward the close of the eighteenth century, while ours is among the first upon American soil.

"What infinite pathos and tenderness in that little word 'home!' What a train of recollections comes trooping up as the mystic chords of memory stretching by all along our lives lead us back to the home of our childhood, which to us was the dearest and best loved spot on earth, even though it was one in which poverty dwelt! Here myriads of good fathers have taught the lesson to their sons that industry, frugality and integrity would bring its reward to them in a 'home' of their own when they should in due time leave that of their birth. Here the fond mother with her children at her knee has adjured them to make of their earthly home a paradise, and not to forget that in the land beyond the sun there is a house not made with hands eternal in the heavens.

"With what ardor does the youth just entering into manhood look forward to the home to which he shall lead, fresh from the altar the one he has taken from all the world for better, for worse, for richer, for poorer, and whom he has vowed to love and to cherish till death do them part. The man of matured years who finds the most of satisfaction and of pleasure within the circle of his own home is usually a good citizen.

"Thus while caring for ours lives, our wives, our children and our kin, to remember also those to whom the heaven of an earthly home is denied, and for them to build, to equip and beautify one whose doors swing open wide at the touch of love, is one of the highest evidences of true philanthropy.

However much men may differ in the ordinary affairs of life, in business, or in religion, or in politics, as to such a benefaction as this there is no division of sentiment.

"In faith and hope the world will disagree,
But all mankind's concern is charity."

"In the Masonic code there is a beautiful provision requiring that a certain proportion of all the figs that grew upon every tree, of all the grapes that grew upon every vine, and of all the sheaves in every field, should, by the owner, be left untouched that needy gleaners might come and claim the remnants as their own. The history of an early civilization discloses to us provisions and custom similar in character to the one I have quoted; yet the home and the hospital are the products of modern times. And in the imperfections and decrets of our modern civilization, the establishment of the hospital, the infirmary, the asylum for the blind, the insane, and the incompetent, the public library, and the home for the aged and unfortunate, are the jewels in its crown that will ever shine with a light as pure and lustrous as as a star. He upon whom fortune has smiled who relieves with substantial benefactions his brother upon whom she has frowned, builds to himself a monument more enduring than brass or the sculptored stone.

"No one of us nor of all who contribute to the erection and to the maintenance of the Masonic Home is able to say assuredly that he may not yet be glad to invoke the shelter of its kindly roof. No man or woman, however exalted or however titled, holds wealth or position or place by a tenure that is absolutely secure. The rich man of today may be the poor man of tomorrow; and in a few years even become an object of charity; and he above whose head breaks the fierce white light that beats upon a throne may—oh, how quickly, be hurled from his high place and be left broken hearted and helpless. Not very long ago there was noticed on the streets of Paris from day to day for a time on foot, a woman modestly attired, but of a dignified bearing. As she went her way through the streets of that great city, she seemed to desire to avoid observation. He cheeks were sunken, her eyes were dim, her walk was feeble. People as they passed her wondered who she was. This shattered wreck of a woman was, within the memory of most of us, the most beautiful and admired sovereign of France, and as Empress herself ruled the hearts of the people of France. Her whole existence was then one of perpetual sunshine. Now there was none so poor to do her reverence." Then he said of her that the now worn and weary Countess of Pierrefonds was unrecognized by those even who had once shouted themselves hoarse in her honor, of her fair face. Dethroned, exiled, with only the graves of her husband and her son to remind her of the days of her imperial power, the tide of misfortune has swept over her proud soul when she stood without the gates of the palace where she once reigned, the best loved empress in all the world. And the pathway of history is filled with wrecks of former greatness.

"All honor to you, Masons of Michigan, who, true to the instincts and traditions of your noble order, have undertaken and will carry forward to completeness this great work which shall bring joy and comfort and rest to many a brother and sister weary and footsore during your lives and for generations yet to come.

"And now may a success more abundant than can be conceived by the most sanguine attend upon and crown your work. May the home you are building ever be the abode of contentment, of harmony, and of fraternal love. May all things work together to its eternal good.

"Whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report."

"Thus we may then—we all abide till time shall be no longer."

The chairman then introduced the Grand Master of Michigan, John W. Crosby of Bangor, who spoke without notes at considerable lenght, and closed by declaring the fair open. The crowd commenced to crowd the hall, and at 8 o'clock the galleries were packed and standing room was at a premium.

The Oratoria society did themselves proud in rendering the following programme:

1. Crowned with the Tempest.
2. Babylon's wave.
3. Sextette from Lucia.
4. Spirit Immortal.
5. Hallelujah Chorus.

At 10:30 o'clock the crowd was pretty well thinned and at 11:30 a lone watchman walked from booth to booth like a gladiator in a deserted arena. The tumult had ceased, and those that a short time before had bought and sold, were enjoying sweet sleep and dreaming of their operations which must be renewed at 8 o'clock this morning.

The Booths and Attendants.

The booths are all very tastefully trimmed and are numbered from 1 to 24. The displays are rich and costly and you can buy most anything you wish.

The pop corn girls are very pretty, and as they fit from group to group in their vaaied costumes and solicit your patronage with winsome smiles, you cannot avoid diving down in your pocket and absent mindedly give them a quarter for a nickel.

Booth No. 1 is located directly in front of the stage in the center. It is the floral booth, and will be presided over by Mrs. E. H. Donnelly with the following assistants: Madames J. D. Utley, E. Hayman, H. B. Fairchild, Herbert Chase, Frank E. Chase, Geo. B. Dunton, M. M. Houseman and Misses Helen McCoy, Mabel Brown, Susie McCulloch, Clara McCulloch, Lizzie Jones, Belle White. The $100 floral donation of W. H. Brearley of the Detroit Evening Journal will be displayed at this booth.

Booths 2 and 4 are united in one for the Oriental Chapter, O. E. S., and are in charge of Mrs. T. W. Strahan. The booth is trimmed in true oriental style, and there will be found $1,000 worth of miscellaneous articles. This booth is assisted by Madames M. L. Fitch, M. J. Bailey, L. Winternitz, David Forbes, Chas. Davidson and Misses Mary Strahan, Mary Fairchild, Minnie Wilkins, Mrs. C. W. Jocoy, Mrs. O. L. Davidson, Mrs. Geo. Labour and Miss Clara Root. This booth was designed by Architect Cable.

Booths 3 and 5 are also made into one. They will represent a Japanese garden, and a profusion of tarleton in various appropriate colors has been used to give them the desired effect. The outside is covered with vines and the effect is very pleasing to the eye.

Mrs. S. R. Wooster is in charge, assisted by Madames A. B. Porter, C. E. Olney, B. R. Pierce, E. D. Collins, C. S. Parker, I. C. Smith, M. J. Smiley, G. K. Johnson, Willard Barnhart, C. N. Shepard, C. B. Hinsdill, and Misses Zila Eaton, Lena Olney, May Widdicomb, Francis Hentig, and Messrs. George Olney, Wood Beal, Ed. Avery. At this booth can be found a mysterious Japanese drink, very pleasing to the taste, called the Sa-ke. You ask "Wee Yum" for "Sa-ke" and drop a nickel in the slot and quench your thirst.

Booth No. 6 is beautifully trimmed with rich old real lace draperies, with genuine yellowish tinge, with an orange-colored background. Here will be found embroidery and fancy work of every description, Mrs. R. G. Mathews is in charge, and is assisted by Madames Robert P. Sinclair, W. S. Gunn, R. W. Merrill, Cassius H. Sweet, Dr. E. P. Babcock, Henry Grimes, Jas. McInnes, and Misses Abbie McInness, Anna Waters, Belle Putnam, Lizzie Strahan, Ferris and Whittlesey. This booth is under the lady ushersship of many the ladies salute you, and if you get away without buying you have a hard, calloused heart.

Boots 7 and 9 are occupied by Peninsular chapter, O. E. S. They are prettily trimmed and drapedwith tarletan of a sky blue shade. Mrs. Jacob Barth will reign in these booths, with a stock of fancy and useful articles. Her assistants are Madames F. H. Lambkin, Robt. Innes, F. M. Briggs, R. C. Hathaway, A. E. Yerex, Baker, and Misses Kusterer, Ella Earth, Minnie Levitt, Gracie Baldie, Emma Davis and Madame Davis and Moses. The stock here comes high, but if you pass this booth and hesitate you are lost, and the consequence is a depleted pocket book.

In booth No. 8 Mrs. H. S. Pressburg, with her bevy of assistants will give everybody a chance to try his luck with the "wheel of fortune." Deep blue and red trimmings give the booth an attractive appearance. Mrs. Pressburg's assistants are Madames G. J. Daily, M. E. Waters, A. W. Cross, and Misses Ford, Hirth, Josie Ewing, Belle Chamberlain and Fannie Spearman. You can hear the musical voices at this booth ripple and roll in waves right into and out your luck, the chances are two to one that you get a lucky number."

The pale yellow trimming of booth 10 gives it a rich and delicate look which pleases the eye and harmonizes nicely with the fancy articles to be sold at it by Mrs. M. McQuewan and her assistants, Madames Geo. Stanton, Jr., A. H. Moorhead, L. W. Wolcott, M. R. Bissell, Dr. R. J. Kirkland, J. C. Wenham, F. J. Aldworth, and Misses Ella Morrison, Florence Wilcox, Estelle Champlin, Mollie Mahon, Lena Remington and Ella McQuewan. This is the booth where it is necessary for you to be a bank director, a coal merchant or a plumber, to stand any show. The safest way is to carry a check book.

The babies booth is near booth 12 and every thing in the babies line is for sale down to rubber rings and nursing bottles.

It is booth 11 and is beautifully draped in pink and pale green. Mrs. Homer W. Nash will be found here ably assisted by Madames Charles B. Judd, John Smith, Isaac Sanford, E. A. Meloy, Jas. Mead, Fred Wilcox, George W. Munson, Ed. M. Metheany and Misses Anna Calkins and Louise Stickney. Any woman with a baby in her arms approaching away from this booth as the child will surely cry itself in a fit for the nice things displayed.

Mrs. George R. Perry will preside at booth 12 with an assortment of dolls. There will be found dolls of all sorts and sizes, dressed and undressed; dolls that open and close their eyelids with the real hair; dolls that talk; dolls that walk—everything in the doll line. Remember that Christmas is not far off and the children must have them. Mrs Perry's booth is trimmed in Pink. She is assisted by Madames Daniel McCoy, Joshua Speed, Charles H. Deane, H. F. Hastings, W. S. Ilsley, J. W. Beckwith, I. C. Levi, W. L. Freeman and Miss Mary Miller. When the ladies come to this booth their first exclamation is, "O my! look at these pretty dolls," and then they begin hunting for their friends to show them the nursery.

Mrs. S. E. Watson will be found at booth 13 with a full line of fancy and china. Everybody is sure to find just what he or she has been looking for at this booth. Mrs. Watson has competent assistants in Madames S. Shaw, G. R. Mayhew, M. H. Ford and L. F. Waldron, Wm. Ashley, H. A. Daniels, M. S. Crosby, Alfred Baxter, Chas. Baxter, A. Vandenberg and P. H. Colwell, will be ready to supply one and all. Look for the frosted booth, and when you come to it prepare yourself for the necessary exclamation of admiration of the realm for a nice handkerchief.

More and lots of fancy work will be found at booth 14. Spotless white robes line the shelves of the booth giving it a cozy appearance. Mrs. Arthur Meigs is in charge here with the following to assist her: Madames C. P. Rathbun, H. Barbour, W. H. Collins, Wm. Dinham, Will S. Gay, J. B. Evans, and Misses Anna Calkins, Ethelyn Quimby, Kate Graves and Louise Meigs. And now if you own a rig this winter is coming on and you need a robe you have "struck" the right booth, and just ask that nice lady on the left; she will sell you a fine one.

Mrs. E. W. Johnson will have everything in the fancy work line at booth 15. The bright yellow trimmings of the booth will display her stock to a good advantage. Her assistants are Madames W. A. Smith, J. K. V. Agnew, P. O. Voorheis, Fred B. Clark, W. S. Hull, Charles W. Collins, and Misses Sadie White, Cora Hindsill, Fannie Earle, Lou Sisson, Bessie Husband and Florence Barnard. Now if you come to this booth you will get your money's worth of fancy work made by the deft fingers of the (fair) ladies.

Miss Cora Bliss Wenham and her assistants will be ready to supply all who have a taste for sweetmeats. At booth 16, prettily trimmed with pink and white tarletan, will be found confectionery of every kind in abundance and ready hands to serve them. Misses Donna Moore, Daisy Carpenter, Marguerite Moore, Mary Hazelwood and Mamie Wenham, Messrs. Frederick Smith and Mrs. Brightrall will assist Mrs. Wenham. This booth will be the place where the girls will gently lead their escorts, and the consequence will be an exchange of cash for candies.

The fair would be incomplete without the spinning jenny, and it is left with Mrs. G. F. Sinclair to see that jenny is kept spinning. Messrs. George Melborne and Will McInnes, Will Harris and Douglas Gilmore will be the ticket sellers. "Look at her spin" and "take a chance," "let your lady try," are the expressions heard from the lips of the fair attendants at this booth.

Booths 18 and 19 are among the prettiest at the fair, and are occupied by the Kalamazoo and Manistee lodges. The ladies presiding over these booths, Mad-ames Fred. Stoley and Will Rohlmeyer, are very obliging, and you need not be afraid of being bored if you stop a while.

Doric lodge, of the west side, has the sale of miscellaneous articles in booth 20 and the Valley City lodge, No. 86, will do likewise in booth 22. The White Sewing Machine company will make an exhibit in booth 21.

Booths 23 and 24 are mysteries. Miss Zunder promises to surprise everybody with some sort of "art" exhibition. Her booth had not been trimmed last evening.

Mrs. H. N. Moore has a large dark booth in the rear of the hall. It is designated as an art room for gentlemen. It will cost ten cents a peep and will undoubtedly be a drawing card.

On either end of the stage a short flight of steps has been built to give easy access to the stage upon and from it the floor wall is the work of Swift & company and Friedman & company, packers of Chicago. The display is the most complete of any that has ever been on exhibition here. It is in charge of H. Milner of Chicago.

In the roomy space to the left of the stage all the large donations, such as furniture, stoves, bedroom suits, etc., will be found. The front part of the stage will be reserved for the entertainment.

The refreshment committee has prepared to care for the inner man down in the lecture room. Dinner is served from 11:30 a. m. to 1 p. m., and supper from 5 to 7 p. m. Ladies of the Peninsular and Oriental chapter, O. E. S., will be in charge. From 250 to 280 persons can be accommodated at a time. Meals will be twenty five cents each and Chairman Wooster says they will be the best for the money to be found in the city, and he expects the dining room will be well patronized.

On the left hand side back of the stage is the gentlemen's lounging and smoking room. It is fitted up with oriental splendor, the floor covered with oriental rugs and ottomans are scattered around promiscuously. J. L. Streltzky is the Mecca gentleman that attends to your wants.

Signs and Tokens.

Wurzburg & Bronson's magnificent band was equal to the occasion. The music was of the highest order, and Grand Rapids can congratulate herself on having a band that will be equal to any occasion.

On the right hand of the stage on entering is a large oil painting of Gen. Innes, and on the left is one of Julius Houseman.

Several of the articles drawn at the charity wheel were turned over to the Owashtanong Thanksgiving fund. Let others do likewise.

The bust of Capt. H. N. Moore sculptured from bronze by the Chicago sculptor, Taft, is on exhibition at the Chicago display of goods.

Miss Carrie Hawkins was behind the counter of the Chicago display and gave away pretty photo cards.

James J. Bayliss of the Morton house is the concoctor of the beverage "Sa-Ke" sold at the Japanese booth.

There were ten pretty flower girls, and eighteen handsome pop corn lassies.

The Gunn Folding Bed company has not withdrawn its donation.

It is worth 10 cents to have a flower girl pin a rose on your coat.

J. L. Streletsky made a good looking Turk in the smoking shrine.

The Grand Rapids traveling men will furnish a room at the home.

A lady drew a $5 pair of trousers at the "wheel of charity."

Mrs. M. J. Smiley is the "Yum-Yum" of the Japanese booth.

Oriental chapter G. E. S., will furnish a room at the home.

Wickwire chapter O. E. S., will furnish a room at the home.

Hastings chapter O. E. S., will furnish a room at the home.

"Lucky" Hall was there and he had his voice with him.

Miss Gracie Wendover is cashier at the charity wheel.

Charles Fox donated several fancy articles yesterday.

The automatic phonograph was well patronized.

The charity lottery is a magnificent success.

Will Be Seen There Today.

The handsome Everett Piano presented for permanent use at the Masonic home by the Everett Piano company through their representatives, Messrs. Herrick, Morehead & Nelson, will be seen at the fair today. It is finished in heavy antique oak to harmonize with the finish at the home. The piano is the finest style of those very fine instruments, and is full seven and one-third octaves, overstrung bass, iron frame, three unisons, French repeating action, continuous hinges on both lid and fall board, metal cased stem rail, improved scale, ivory keys, nickel plate finger rail and action supports, patent pedal guard in ornate design, graduating pedals, swing music desk, carved pilasters, panels hand carved in exceedingly handsome floral designs in bas-relief, consoles carved around body and at side, in floral design on end and double lower panels and iron top plate, height 4 feet 8 inches, length 5 feet 3 inches.

The piano is not given to the fair to be disposed of for cash, but into the home as a permanent fixture, a fact that will be appreciated by the fraternity throughout the state. The donors will have the heartfelt thanks of all who may avail themselves of the hospitality of the home, as it will, no doubt, assist them in passing many pleasant hours.

The Everett company will also find that a pleasant hour may be spent at the firm's new music room, 25 South Division street. If you have friends visiting you it will pay you to bring them with you. Here they have an elegant line of guitars, Stewart banjos, autoharps, mouth harmonicas, etc., besides one of the finest lines of pianos, organs and sheet music to be found in Western Michigan.

An Attractive Place to Visit.

This week will bring to the city many strangers who come to see the Masonic fair. Many of these will have leisure hours, and with friends will want to see some of the fine stores. In selecting routes, do not forget that the old reliable dry goods, carpet and notion house of Voigt, Herpolsheimer & Co., will be pleased to have you call. They have a second Masonic fair to show, with no price for admission.

Will Find Much to Interest Them.

Visitors to the Masonic fair will find much in Grand Rapids to interest them, and one of the finest places where they should call is at Adams & company's millinery emporium at 90 Monroe street. There is a special sale of tips for this week and bargains are to be found in every department. A splendid line of trimmed hats is displayed and the prices make them bargains.

THE CITY FATHERS

Allow the Bills for Lunches and Pay Election Expenses.

The aldermen came down upon the mayor's veto of the lunch resolution like the wolf on the fold last night, and when they got through with it there wasn't a shred of it left. The clerk had hardly finished reading it ere Alderman Tateum jumped to his feet and moved that the resolution stand notwithstanding the veto. Sixteen of the aldermen voted aye, and two nay, Emmer and McKee being absent. The lunch bill amounted to $196.35 and after the veto was voted down it was ordered paid.

The bills for the services of inspectors and clerks of election did not fare quite so well, though there is no question but that they will all be allowed eventually. The bill were all put in at the rate of $3 for each eight hours work, and some of them amounted to $17. Several motions were made and a great deal of discussion resulted. Alderman Turner was very persistent in urging that the bills be allowed at the uniform sum of $9 for inspectors and $2 for gate keepers. One of the latter put in a bill for $8 and some of them wanted $3, though the statute fixes the amount at $2. The matter was referred to the committee on claims and accounts, who retired to the committee room and soon came back upon those bills in which the hours were specified, and referred the others back to the comptroller. The total of the bills for election expenses, exclusive of the lunches and fuel furnished, was $1,898.18.

The bills reported by the comptroller, inclusive of an allowance of $22,500 for the Canal street asphalt, aggregated $39,391.89.

A petition was presented by 231 farmers who sell their produce in the city, asking that the council establish a market, and on motion of Mr. O'Donnell the mayor referred the matter to a committee consisting of Messrs. O'Donnell, Stein, Sproul, Hauser and Anderson.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Anderson and adopted, requiring the Street Railway company to put conductors on the Wealthy avenue and Scribner street cars.

The Cable company asked leave to abandon its line through Louis and Campau streets and to connect its Fulton street line Through Waterloo street to Monroe street. It also asked leave to construct an electric or cable line in East street from Fulton street to Fifth avenue. Referred to committee on ordinance.

There is evidently a disposition on the part of the aldermen to give the city better streets. Alderman Saunders called for estimates for paying North Ionia street with cedar blocks on a concrete foundation, and for macadam. Mr. O'Donnell called for estimates for asphalt on Crescent avenue, and Alderman Turner secured the introduction of an ordinance fixing the conditions on which contractors could tear up paved streets for sewers, etc. Residents of Lyon street, however, protested against improving Lyon street with anything better than gravel. Asphalt, they said, was out of the question; cedar blocks they didn't want, and they thought gravel would do for a hundred years to come. They were willing, however, to widen the street and put in vertical stone curbs.

The steam roller was accepted and ordered paid for.

FIRE THIS MORNING.

W. H Pettit's Willow Ware Works Badly Damaged.

The baby carriage and willow chair works of W. H. Pettit, 308 Gold street, was damaged by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. The fire was caught in the rear of a store shed and burned rapidly until the arrival of No. 8 fire department. The fire was soon put under control, but not until it had damaged the building and stock to the extent of about $5,000. The building and stock are well insured. The origin of the fire is unknown but it is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

ALDERMAN TATEUM'S SCHEME.

He Wants a System of Boulevards a la Chicago.

Alderman Tateum is fathering a plan for a system of asphalt boulevards similar to that which exists in Chicago. He suggests that a system of asphalt paved drivings be made along Sheldon street to Cherry street, Madison avenue from Hall street to Weston street, College avenue, from Bridge street to Fifth avenue, Fountain street from Barclay street to the city line, and on the west side to Ball Park.

Sues to Recover a Forfeit.

Charles D. Hawkes yesterday filed his declaration in the case against J. Frederick Baars to recover $10,000 which was placed in the hands of Mr. Baars as a guarantee for the purchase of a certain amount of stock in the Grand Rapids Gas company. The disclosures admit the agreement to purchase a certain number of shares within a limited time, but claim that it was made that by the death of W. H. Gilbert the terms of the contract made have been annulled and suit is now brought to recover back the withdrawing the $10,000 deposit made by Charles D. Hawkes with Mr. Baars.

The Paper Box Man.

W. W. Huelster, proprietor of Grand Rapids paper box factory, left yesterday for Belding where he expects to remain for a few days. He has remodeled his factory at that place and has now a spacious room well equipped with steam power and all the latest improved machinery. He has been obliged to meet the growing demand for boxes from the extensive silk factories. Mr. Huelster's factories here and at Belding are well equipped and he is the most extensive manufacturer of paper boxes in the state.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the members of the bar at 9 o'clock this morning at the Circuit court room to take action respecting the death of Hon. Stephen H. Ballard. By order of committee.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

The civil war has furnished material for the construction of many plays, but few of which have been successful. A much stronger drama can be wrought from private life, and such plays can always be more acceptably produced. "Fort Donelson" as produced at Powers' last evening possesses considerable merit and presents some excellent ideas. The plot is interesting and the story is sufficiently interspersed with comedy effects to make the action move smoothly without being burdensome. The company is a fairly good one, and the entertainment as a whole is amusing. The engagement continues until Thursday night.

St. Leon and McCusick, Billy Stanford, Killman and McPhee, Polly Carle, Thompson and Johnson, the Great Richards, Orville and the two Carles are all specialty stars and with several other other artists they present an entertainment that is unexcelled in the vaudeville line. Smith's opera house was crowded last evening, and the enthusiasm displayed over the entertainment amounted almost to an ovation. Large houses will be the order throughout the week.

"Around the World in Eighty Days," a spectacular drama, was presented to a good sized audience at the Lyceum last evening. The play is a parody on Jules Verne's great production and as presented it is scarcely a success, the scenic and mechanical features being poor and ordinary. The company does not represent an array of brilliant talent.

"The Little Tycoon" will be sung at Powers' Friday and Saturday. Seats go on sale tomorrow.

The coming Louis James engagement will be an important event in theatergoing people.

"UNCLE JERRY" IS CONVERTED.

He Wants a Foreign Market for Surplus Corn.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—"Uncle Jerry" Rusk, secretary of agriculture, seems to have stepped from Blaine's idea of reciprocity. He has just issued his annual report and in it he devotes a chapter to the subject of promoting consumption of American corn in Europe. He says: "I have long been impressed with the necessity of taking measures to promote the consumption of Indian corn in foreign countries. The facility with which we can raise this cereal, its generally low price and the occasional glut in the home market in years when the yield has been especially large make an increase in our exports of corn extremely desirable. It is essentially an American cereal and one which can be grown in all parts of our great country. No more than 20 per cent of the crop on an average is moved outside of the country in which it is grown and to the extent which this percentage can be utilization of the crop for feeding purposes on the farms where it is grown this is well. But when we realize that this fact is true, in part at least, especially in years, like the last, of an ample yield to the absolute want of demand our home markets being fully supplied, it is certainly a matter of profound regret that there does not exist a foreign demand sufficient to relieve the glut at home and to secure for the farmer in the West a price which would be adequate at least to save them from the loss on the growing of the corn crop.

"During the past ten years our exports have largely exceeded 100 per cent. of the total crop. This is due largely to the fact that corn is utilized throughout the greater portion of Europe solely as food for animals and then only when its very low price temps the feeders. As a food for human beings it is practically unknown save in some sections of southern Europe while in the greater part of that continent, it cannot even be grown to maturity."

Spring Lake Potatoes.

SPRING LAKE, Nov. 10.—Martin Walsh, the enterprising merchant of Spring Lake, is also one of the most successful farmers here. He is today gathering into his cellar the last of his crop of 1,800 bushels of very fine potatoes as the product of 15 acres. His crops are not remarkable for being very large, and from 40 acres he will make twice the money any grain farmer will make in the county from 80 acres.

Mr. Pryor of Chicago, who recently purchased "Fernwood" farm on Spring Lake from Mr. Richmond, commenced today the erection of an addition to his house that will enable him to entertain 75 guests next summer.

Fralick-Davis.

Henry S. Fralick and Miss Mary C. Davis were married yesterday afternoon by the Rev. S. H. Cobb, at his residence on Jefferson avenue. The wedding supper was served at the home of the groom's father, Henry Fralick, immediately after which the couple left on a two-weeks' visit to Detroit and the East. When they return they will receive their friends at their residence, 33 Henry street.

DOTS AND DASHES.

Joseph Savory was inaugurated as lord mayor of London with the usual pompous ceremonies yesterday.

Col. O. H. Benton, a leading lawyer and prominent Mason of Minneapolis, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday.

Pennsylvania railroad stock sold in Philadelphia yesterday at 49 cents on the dollar, the lowest price for the year.

William Peebles, a rich farmer near Adrian, Mich., aged 50 years, committed suicide yesterday morning by hanging. Cause unknown.

Alexander Hexter, head of the clothing house of Hexter Bros. of Philadelphia, was instantly killed yesterday by having his head crushed in an elevator shaft.

E. D. Benjamin, for many years a merchant of Bloomington, Ill., committed suicide by shooting himself at his home ten miles east of that city yesterday morning.

During the height of the excitement attendant upon heavy decline in values which occurred on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday, James Struthers, a well-known operator, fell to the floor in a fit and immediately expired. Business was suspended for half an hour, trading being resumed at 12:30.

TWO OF A KIND

Though One is Much Worse Than the Other.

There were two Jacob Vanderwoods arrested yesterday, and while they do not look alike they were locked up at the jail for investigation. The men were both drunk and their arrest was due to the fact that an order was issued out of the Probate court yesterday for the arrest of Jacob Vanderwood, who it is claimed has been guilty of the greatest cruelty to his two children, aged 8 and 12 years. The ground for issuing an order for Mr. Vanderwood's arrest was the statement by friends of the children that both Mr. and Mrs. Vanderwood, who live at 98 Third street, spend a large portion of their earnings in drink and that when they get thoroughly "soaked," the children are whipped until they are almost dead. Upon hearing this statement Judge Perkins issued an order for Vanderwood's arrest and placed it in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Cowans who proceeded to the home of Vanderwood and being unable to find him took the two children to jail for safe keeping. In the meantime the police heard that Vanderwood was wanted and having a warm headquarters by that name telephoned to Turnkey Lewis that they had arrested the man for being drunk and would turn him over to the county. He was accordingly sent to the jail and locked up for the man who beat his children. In a few minutes another Jacob Vanderwood came rolling into the jail ahead of two deputies who claimed their prisoner was the one wanted by the sheriff's force. A few words showed the dispute by asking the children to identify their father, which was the last man brought in. The other Jacob was returned to the police office, held him for being drunk, and thus the dispute was settled. The two Jacobs have been lodgers at the jail once before under similar circumstances.

The children presented a wretched appearance and their pinched faces and bleeding hands told of their sufferings in stronger language than words can express.

A relative of the children hearing of the matter, came to the jail and volunteered to take them to his home, before he could get away from the jail the children's mother appeared in a drunken condition and demanded that her husband and children be set at liberty, announcing her modest request in language not of the finest.

Mrs. Vanderwood was finally silenced, the children removed to a safe relative, order restored from the chaos that reigned, and the two Jacobs safely deposited behind the grates.

FOR LABOR COMMISSIONER.

F. H. Gill Receives the Indorsement of the Labor Unions.

The Central Labor union at its meeting last evening voted unanimously to support Frank H. Gill for the position of state labor commissioner. Petitions for his appointment will be circulated, and it is expected that all the members of the local unions will sign them. It is understood also that the union men at Jackson, Lansing and Muskegon are united in his support. The union men of the state are unanimous in the opinion that a union man should fill this office, and a determined effort will be made to convert the governor-elect to that view. So far as heard from there is no opposition to Mr. Gill, although it is quite possible that Henry A. Robinson of Detroit, may conclude to enter the field.

Charged With Embezzlement.

A warrant was issued from Police court late yesterday afternoon for the arrest of John Feldner, a salesman in the employ of the Palmer Shirt company, charging embezzlement in the sum of $100. The warrant was given to Detective McCulloch who placed Feldner under arrest and turned him over to the authorities at police headquarters. Mr. Feldner when seen expressed little surprise at his arrest and hardly knew how to explain the shortage with which he is charged. He, however, accounted for it by saying that he had received proofs to the contrary for some time on a commission as solicitor and collector. The firm, he said, owed him about $40 on account, and with no intention to defraud the firm he appropriated some of their money to his own use. The firm would make no statement regarding the shortage, preferring to submit their proofs to Judge Holmes, before whom the case will be called this morning.

Mr. Feldner's friends who learned of his arrest were anxious to obtain possible bail but up to 1 o'clock this morning no bail had been secured.

Steketee-Fiske.

The marriage of Mr. George E. Steketee to Miss Edna Fiske was solemnized yesterday morning by Rev. Dr. Campbell Fair at the residence of the bride's sister, 384 Sout College avenue. The ceremony was performed in the parlor, which was completely banked with roses, and the wedding breakfast was a credit to the caterer.

About 150 guests were present. Among those from abroad were Mr. and Mrs. Henderson of Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. Fiske of Ocala, Florida, and Otto Meyer of St. Louis, Mo. The happy couple left on the 1:30 train for Chicago amid a shower of rice and old shoes. They will be absent a week and will receive their friends after November 20 at the residence of the groom's father, ex-Mayor Steketee, on Lagrave street.

A New Tobacco Company.

The Acme Cigar and Tobacco company filed articles of association with the county clerk yesterday. The purposes of the corporation as set forth are for the manufacturing or buying and selling of manufactured tobacco and other general merchandise. The capital stock of the company is $10,000, divided into 400 shares. The amount of stock paid in is $7,500, and the existence of the company is limited to ten years. The incorporators are N. A. Gaven, S. F. Nyhart, W. B. Sweet and George E. T. Parish, all of this city.

THE MORNING PRESS.

Published daily by the Press Publishing Company at Grand Rapids, Michigan.

OFFICES 63 PEARL STREET.
TELEPHONE NUMBER 400.

ENTERED FOR TRANSMISSION BY MAIL AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

By Mail, invariably in advance, one year.....$3.00
Six months.....1.50
Four months.....1.00
Delivered by carrier in the city and suburbs
Twenty-Five Cents Per Month.

E. F. Doty has charge of circulation on the east side of the river and C. L. Doty on the west side.

A. A. Weeks has charge of the circulation outside of the city and suburbs.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display Advertisements 5 cents per inch for each 1,000 papers circulated. Reading Notices 10 cents per line. Business Locals 5 cents per line.

For Advertisements occupying less than three inches space, taken for a single edition and those requiring special or preferred position 25 to 50 per cent will be added to above rates.

CIRCULATION YESTERDAY.

Number of papers printed	4,825
Delivered by Carriers to City Subscribers	3,825
Mailed to Subscribers, (not including exchanges)	1,372
Sold to Newsboys	356
Total Paid Circulation	4,553
Sample Copies distributed by Carriers and Canvassers	224
Total circulation	4,777

Subscription and City Circulation Books, Paper Account and Press Work Bills open for inspection by patrons or others interested.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1890.

ACCOUNTING FOR DEFEAT.

A certain stripe of Republican organs account for their defeat by attributing to the people weakness of mind and ignorance of the issue. These organs say the people have been duped and deceived by the cunning misrepresentations and artful sophistries of the Democrats. This is about the position of the Telegram-Herald.

This theory implies want of faith in the capacity of the people to govern themselves. It is the old Hamiltonian federalistic idea that the people are not fit for a free government, and should be subjected to the rule of "the rich and well born." It is opposed to the Jeffersonian Republican idea that the people are capable of self government.

Our Republican friends will fool themselves if they are influenced in their future course by any such nonsense. This verdict of the people is against a system of taxation that was deliberately planned to enrich the few and oppress the masses. Many votes throughout the whole nation, and especially in Pennsylvania and Michigan, were cast against the Republicans because the names of corrupt men stood at the head and branded the whole with shame. No party, however old and grand, can afford to nominate corrupt men for office, or allow such men to put their stool pigeons in high places. In fact, the better the record of a party the more sure it is to be rebuked if it forgets its noble past and enters upon a course of sin against honest government by the nomination of bad men for office.

But of one thing we want to assure our Republican friends; this election victory does not rest on misrepresentation by demagogues nor the ignorance of the people. This expression at the polls last Tuesday was not an impulse or a first impression. The first impression was expressed two years ago, when Harrison was elected president on the Chicago platform over Cleveland. Since then a vigorous educational campaign has been waged. The farmers all over the country took especial interest in the main subject. They organized as a class stronger than ever, and regardless of past political affiliations they entered upon an exhaustive examination of the tariff and money question and invariably throughout the United States have agreed upon a revenue anti-monopoly tariff and free silver coinage. In the face of such a deliberate determination by the farmers in all the states, how could the Republican party, in view of its own record against free silver coinage and against an honest revenue tariff, expect to win this election? And in view of the carefulness with which the farmers and workingmen have reached their political conclusions, how can the Republican papers consult reason and the facts and say this verdict will not stand; the people will change; they were the victims of deceivers and their own ignorance? No, gentlemen; you are surely mistaken. This verdict will not be reversed because the people knew not what they were doing. Reform of the tariff and lower taxation on the necessaries of life must and will prevail.

Moreover, free silver coinage is demanded, gold basis or no gold basis.

Notwithstanding the contempt expressed for the capacity of the people by those federalists who maintain this election must be accredited to ignorance and the simplicity of the people, we have yet more respect for them than we have for those who now confess they were wrong, and lied to the people, and were dishonest in saying the McKinley bill was all right when in fact they believed it was all wrong and unworthy of public approval. This is to a large degree the position of the Chicago Journal and Mr. Blaine.

THE Chicago Herald has a political cartoon picturing Blaine as the plumed knight full of magnetism and the pet of monopoly and incidentally President Harrison is set up in the regulation grandfather's hat saying, "Please don't fire off cannon near me, it makes me nervous." That Harrison feature of the picture spoils its point entirely, for every soldier of the Western armies knows that General Harrison is a brave man and faced death at the cannon's mouth as gallantly as ever did Marshal Ney. That kind of ridicule cannot hurt a soldier with Harrison's gallant record. Of course we know it is leveled at Harrison because a subordinate of his refused to let the Democrats fire cannon in celebration of their victory near the white house, but it is possible Harrison knew nothing about, and if he did he should be touched up in another way, for that may be attributed to a spiteful state of mind.

NO CHOICE BETWEEN EVILS.

The following extracts from a sermon delivered in New York city by Rev. B. F. DeCosta, D. D., will be found interesting to those church members and ministers who think it is wise for them to choose between two evils in politics.

The distinguished divine was declaiming against the idea that he was compelled to choose between Tammany and the fusion of Platt Republicans and Grace Democrats, just as some party men in Michigan maintain that church members and ministers cannot vote their real sentiments as Prohibitionists but must choose between Republicans and Democrats:

But we are told that the clergy should co-operate, even though everything may not be in perfect accordance with their views; that we have before us a choice of evils, and that wise men will choose the lesser evil. But where in God's word are we taught that ministers of Christ are sent out into the world to make a choice of evils? 'If God be God,' the record says, 'serve Him.' In sending out His ministers Christ did not send them to temporize with evil, but to fight and destroy it. Our orders are peremptory. We have no discretion. The Son of Man came to lay the axe at the root of the tree of evil. We have no choice in the matter. We cannot excuse ourselves by making a show of zeal in chopping at the branches. Christ himself never chose between two evils. John the Baptist did not choose between two evils. He rejected both, and all evils, steadfastly holding to the good.

St. Paul would have smiled at the idea of a disciple of Christ having been brought into the world to make a choice of evils. The apostles and martyrs all died rather than make a choice of evils.

But if we insist on rejecting the choice of evils we shall be left in a very small minority.' Very true, but the small minority of today is going to be the majority, and, in fact, to master the world bye and bye; while without the present minority there would be no future majority. He is a foolish husbandman who sacrifices his seed corn; that, however, is what the so-called reformer now asks us to do. He wants us to throw away the good seed and sow one of two kinds of bad seed. This is profoundly immoral.

M'KINLEY REBUKED.

The Chicago Tribune gives the following bitter rebuke to Major McKinley:

Major McKinley admits his defeat, but regards the result as "a signal victory." A majority of over 2,900 last year was reduced to about 280 this year. There is a little exaggeration in this. Tha 2,900 he speaks of was the majority given to Campbell, which was abnormally large owing to the Republican dissatisfaction with Foraker. The district went Democratic in 1888 about 2,000. The Democrats held their own this year in Holmes, Wayne, and almost in Medina and McKinley's gains was due not to his bill but to his personal popularity in his own county of Stark. The pride of his townfolk in him and their irritation over a shameless gerrymander to throw him out of congress came near electing him in spite of his tariff bill, which the people of his county dislike as well as the people of the other 4,000 counties in the country.

But does Major McKinley think that the fact that he was defeated by only 280 majority is a compensation for the loss of the house of representatives by 140 majority; of three or more senators, and of a dozen state governors and legislatures? It is a compensation for the fact that the state and congressional apportionments of New York; Michigan, and Wisconsin will be gerrymandered by the Democrats? These are a few of the political evils wrought by Major McKinley's bill. Let him look beyond the bounds of his county, survey the whole national field, and then say whether he is satisfied with the results of his work. If so Mark Tapley was not a circumstance to him for being jolly when any one else would be miserable.

GEORGE F. RICHARDSON of Hudsonville, Ottawa county, is named for speaker of the next house of representatives. The present speaker is Mr. Dykema of Holland, in the same county. All other things being equal there would be a certain fitness of things in electing Richardson as successor of Dykema. We have known Mr. Richardson for many years and know him to be an able and honest man. He was a leading Greenbacker in the time of that glorious party and is today as near the hearts of the laboring masses as any man in Michigan. He has served a term in the legislature and has an experience in the practical workings of the legislature and of the rules of parliamentary bodies that will fit him for speaker. He is clear headed and always fair. He would make a just and impartial speaker.

WE believe the less the people are taxed the better it will be for the people. Taxes for revenue are all right, but taxes purposely for anything else is all wrong. Incidentally, taxes may be made to protect if we have an industry that for the sake of fair wages needs protection. If such protection is for big dividends only in any line of manufacture notorious for indifference to the rights of labor, we are opposed to even such incidental protection.

It's our opinion that men who are addicted to drinking whisky to excess are wasting their time in getting up petitions to Governor Winans for office. The governor-elect is a strict temperance man himself, and while he is not a Prohibitionist he believes the temperance reform has reached that stage where it is at least settled that drunkards should not hold office.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle by Thum Bros., Druggists.

NEW LIFE IN OLD EUROPE.

A Few of the Views of John Swinton During His Recent Tour Abroad.

(Special Correspondence.)

In the course of my year's roaming over several countries of Europe since November last I got some views of life and other things there that few American sightseers are ever likely to look for. It is safe to say that most of our tourists, after spending a short time abroad, seeing France, Italy, Germany or England, are apt to tell us of the Eiffel tower and other glittering shows in Paris, or of the Coliseum and other wonderful relics in Rome, or of Windsor Castle and other massive fabrics in London.

Now I, too, when in Europe saw all these things, beside hundreds of others not less attractive or less suggestive, yet shall say nothing about them here.

But while abroad and going to one country after another, from the Mediterranean to the North sea, I also took occasion to study a few of the new features and ideas of the times that were even more interesting to me than those things with which all American tourists in Europe are familiar. I took pains and made studies of the life of the people, common and uncommon, from the upper world to the under world, from the foreground to the background. I surveyed the surface and sounded the depths from Italy to Scotland.

What, then, did I learn there? What did I see in Italy, France, Switzerland, England and Scotland? Many things beside those that the New York papers had told me of—novel shows, surprising sights, doleful scenes, hopeful signs.

Here, at this time, I shall refer only to the thing which struck me most, and that was the evidence of resurgent life now to be found among the masses of all the countries through which I wandered in search of that life for myself.

New ideas are in the air there, new movements are advancing, and the way is being prepared for social and industrial changes that will surely promote the welfare of the working millions.

I found this resurgent life even in old Italy, ay, in Rome, the seven hilled capital of the Cæsars, the popes and the new rulers of the modern realm. I found it in the festering quarters of the city and among the castaways, as well as in the higher quarters and among their denizens, with many of whom I held interviews. I saw it in popular assemblages, in the workshops of the toilers, in a hundred projects of which I became aware, and in the papers of liberation. I heard ideas that surprised me, and predictions or aspirations that seemed beyond realization in our times. I became convinced, after three months of residence and research in Rome, that the progressive spirit now appearing among the masses there must yet yield fruit unlike any that has ever grown in the soil of old Italy. That which I found in Rome I found afterward in the other Italian cities along my course.

In France I found the resurgent life from Paris down to Marseilles. The "social question" is up there, as it has been for a century past, and the peasantry of the rural communes as well as the proletariat of the cities are becoming familiar with it. I fell it safe to say after thoroughly traversing France that the French working masses will not forever tolerate a system under which they do not enjoy their natural rights. What do they want? They want the inheritance that belongs to them and the full measure of the earnings of their work.

In England, as in the other countries here spoken of, I took time to survey the ways of life and study the currents of thought among people of all social grades. I found that the English mind is advancing in a hopeful way. There is a spirit of inquiry in regard to that condition of society which is fraught with evils and dangers that cannot be overlooked, and with which neither benevolence nor legislation has yet been able to cope. I found that the thinkers are perplexed over it, that the workers are giving thought to it, and that even the squalid hordes of London and other cities are beginning to take heed of it and to have their own way of thinking about it. There are unprecedented demonstrations in England of the power of the working classes, who have gigantic organizations and unite in vast strikes that are often successful. It appeared to me as though they were laying the foundations of a new social and industrial order there, upon the broad principles of equity, amity and democracy. I saw that magnificent demonstration of the working people of London in Hyde Park, on the first Sunday of last May, when half a million of them stood in solid array and boldly displayed their principles and their power. It was truly an impressive array of the hosts of the disinherited; and the reports of the speeches that I could not hear, but afterward read, gave ample proof that the speakers, who had been chosen from their own ranks, were not backward in proclaiming the demands of labor. These demands, which were welcomed with acclamations by the enthusiastic yet orderly multitudes, were not of a violent or impracticable character, but were of a kind that sounded a warning to the dominating class in England.

In Scotland I found the resurgent life even more vigorous than elsewhere; but I have not room to tell what I learned of it.

I did not go to Germany, but while in Italy last spring I heard the news that the workingmen's party of Germany had then polled a million and a half votes in the elections and had elected nearly forty of their candidates to the reichstag.

I have no doubt that the action of the young German emperor in favoring the rights of labor this year has had a very powerful influence in creating that new interest in the social question which is now to be found among all classes in every country of Europe. The echoes of this voice from the throne have been heard around the world.

New York City. JOHN SWINTON.

Scarcity of Fruit in France.

French journals lament that unfavorable weather has almost altogether deprived the country of fruit this year. A disastrous amount of rain has so afflicted the central, northern, western and southwestern districts that the markets have been almost bare of fruit, except such as had come from the south. One correspondent, writing from the department of the Seine-et-Marne, says: "We have had neither cherries nor apricots nor plums; apples have been greatly injured by hail; pears have suffered less, but our grapes will not ripen."

And another, writing from Brittany, says that there the pears are all spoiled, apples are lacking in many localities, and almost all the plums had perished; that peaches are everywhere non-existent; that gooseberries and raspberries had been relatively scanty, and that, although strawberries had been quite plentiful, they had only the form of the fruit with the taste of water." Meanwhile the complaint of excessive drought have been coming in from the south, where we are told even in the carefully watered gardens the trees and shrubs had faded and withered. Near the coast the moist sea breezes "assure the abundance of the grape crop," but further north the grape growers are reported to be in despair over the persistent dryness.

Parental Gloom in Our Homes.

Boys and girls are often spoiled by parental gloom. The father never unbends. The mother's rheumatism hurts so she does not see how little Maggie can ever laugh. Childish curiosity is denounced as impertinence. The parlor is a parliament, and everything is everlasting order. Balls and tops in hat house are a nuisance, and the pap that the boy is expected most to relish is geometry, a thing sweetened with the chalk of blackboards. For cheerful reading the father would recommend "Young's Night Thoughts," and Hervey's "Meditations Among the Tombs."

At the first chance the boy will break loose. With one grand leap he will clear the catechisms; he will burst away into all riotous living. He will be so glad to get out of Egypt that he will jump into the Red sea. The hardest colts to catch are those that have a long while been locked up. Restraints are necessary, but there must be some outlet. Too high a dam will overflow all the meadows.—Rev. T. De Witt Talmage.

A New Type of Gun.

William T. Chamberlain, of Norwich, has invented and perfected a gun which promises to be the most durable, simple and effectual gun ever made. It is called the electric hydrogen gun. There are three methods of firing the arm. By the first method Mr. Chamberlain claims the projectile is sent from the gun by a pressure equal to 37,000 atmospheres; by the second process by four times that force, and by the third method it is transformed into an air gun with a pressure of from 1,500 to 3,000 pounds. The gun is simple, without other machinery than the chamber and barrel. The demand for new and valuable weapons is so large that some of the great powers may find in this arm the executor they have been anticipating, while Mr. Chamberlain may find in it the fortune the shadow of which has kept his brain active and his hands busy for many a day.—Norwich (Conn.) Bulletin.

They Are Glad to Know Him Now.

A New Yorker of very limited means recently got a bequest, the news of which was printed in the papers. As soon as the fact became known he got heavy mails laden with letters from all kinds of charitable societies in need of aid, and from a host of the sufferers by impecuniosity. He also found more callers at his house than there ever had been before knockers at his door, and he likewise enjoyed when in the streets the sight of many more smiling faces than he had previously been acquainted with. Never until this month had he realized the attractive power of the mighty $. His rich uncle, his deceased bachelor uncle, who left him a bequest, has endowed him with something else not set down in the last will, to wit, cynicism.—New York Sun.

The Parnellite business cost The London Times exactly £180,000. The shareholders of the paper were compelled to forego their dividends for the last year and for the first six months of this year in order to pay it. John Walter owns sixteen shares, and his loss was £48,000, the dividend on each share being £3,000. The circulation of the paper and its receipts for advertisements are constantly increasing.—Chicago Herald.

Sport in California is illustrated by the following from a local paper: "Ben Smith, a farmer of Coos Bay, saw a large buck in his field the other day, and he went after it. By the time Smith reached the brush he found a big panther eating the buck. Smith killed the panther and took the deer to his house."

The journalists of England are organizing a protective union, for the purpose of securing better pay and improved conditions. The movement originated in Birmingham.

Now is Your Chance.

From now until December 1 F. H. Seymour, at 145 Monroe street, in the new Kendall block, will make frames to order at reduced prices to make room for holiday stock now on the way. Call and see his patterns.

WIT AND WISDOM.

PORTER BLOCK PHARMACY.
GRAND-GERARD & Co.

IF you want a nice Prince Albert coat go to Frank Williams', 70 Canal street.

FOR Xmas photos go to Bayne & Coss.

THE best are the cheapest. Bayne & Coss make them. 22-24 Fountain street.

THOSE overcoatings at Frank Williams are just splendid.

FINE suitings of every description at Frank Williams', 70 Canal street.

ENAMEL photos at Bayne & Coss.

FOR a stylish A No. 1 suit at a moderate price go to Frank Williams', 70 Canal street.

FOR extra fine photographs go to Bayne & Coss.

A DOZEN of those elegant enamel photos will make a nice Xmas present.
BAYNE & COSS.

FOR fine holliday work go to Bayne & Coss, Fountain street.

Special sale of wool and fur felts. Black ostrich tips. Ribbons and ready trimmed hats.
CORL KNOTT & CO.
75 Monroe street.

THE MAGEE
BOSTON HEATER FURNACE
Is Positively Unequalled for Economy, Durability and General Convenience.
—SOLD BY—
WEATHERLY & PULTE,
62 and 64 Pearl Street.

JUST NOTE THESE
Bargain Prices

$4.75 A pair, eleven-quarter extra large White Blankets, worth $6.
MORSE'S.

$1.36 Ladies' Kid Button Shoes, patent tipped, opera or common sense last, worth $2.00.
MORSE'S.

50c Ladies' Cip Gloves, black or colors.
MORSE'S.

$1.29 Gents' White Wool Underwear, full regular made, all sizes, cheap at $2.
MORSE'S.

Everything In our Dress Goods Department goes at removal sale prices.
MORSE'S.

WE HAVE ABOUT 35
Plush Cloaks
Left, as we are winding up the Cloak Business; we will sell you one cheap.
MORSE'S.

Everything in our MILLINERY Department included in our Removal Sale now in progress.
MORSE'S.

THIS LITTLE MAN

IS NOT VERY LITTLE AND HE IS NOT VERY BIG, BUT
"HE GETS THERE JUST THE SAME."
When he starts out for your pension under the old or your
PENSIONS UNDER THE NEW LAW.
So Soldiers, Soldiers' Widows, Minor Children, or all Soldiers' Dependent Parents, may hear something to their advantage by calling upon or writing to
Charles K. Gibson,
Solicitor of Pensions,
Room 25 New Houseman Building,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

LADIES, USE
STEKETEE'S
POSITIVE
PERIODICAL PREPARATION.
HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.
Cures Fits and Convulsions caused from non-appearance of Monthly Periods.
THE ONLY RELIABLE MONTHLY REMEDY KNOWN
For Sale By Druggists.
Price $1.50. Express Paid.
GEO. G. STEKETEE,
GRAND RAPIDS Mich., Sole Proprietor

THIS is to certify, that I was afflicted with a severe case of Chronic Diarrhea and Ulceration of the Bowels for two years. The best physicians failed to cure me. I tried different kinds of medicine without receiving any benefit. I then commenced using Brown's Blood Purifier and Tonic, and after taking three bottles, which lasted me three months, I was restored to very good health, and gained during the time thirty-six pounds in weight. I can cheerfully recommend this valuable remedy to all suffering with chronic diseases and poor health. Mrs. Anna F. McClellan, 156 West Fulton street. July 18, 1889.

AMUSEMENTS.

POWERS' GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Brady & Garwood.....Lessees. and M'g'r's
C. H. Garwood.....Manager.
T. P. Hickey, Resident Manager and Treasurer.
NOVEMBER 10, 11, 12 AND 13
And Wednesday Matinee.
The Latest Military Success,
Fort Donelson!
A romantic story, founded on one of the great historical events of the late civil war.
A car load of magnificent scenery! The play sumptuously staged! Startling mechanical effects! Greeted everywhere by crowded houses! Audiences willily enthusiastic.
Seats now on sale. Prices 25, 50, 75c and $1.

POWERS' GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Brady & Garwood.....Lessees.
C. H. Garwood.....Business Manager.
T. P. Hickey, Resident Manager and Treasurer.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS NOVEMBER 14 & 15 | SATURDAY MATINEE, AT 2:00 P. M.
THE LITTLE TYCOON
WILLARD SPENSER'S
PERPETUAL OPERATIC SUCCESS.
Under the Personal Mangement of the Author.
Illustrated by Magnificent Scenery. Costumed by Gorgeous Wardrobe. Introduced by an Ideal Cast. Permeated by Fun and Laughter. Rendered by their Own Orchestra. Illuminated by Brilliant Electric Effects. Combining the Most Memorable Operatic Event of the Season.
Admission, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats on sale at box office on and after Wednesday, Nov. 12.

POWERS' GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Brady & Garwood.....Lessees
C. H. Garwood.....Manager
T. P. Hickey, Resident Manager and Treasurer
SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT.
A GRAND DRAMATIC FESTIVAL!
The Course Sale of Tickets for the Engagement of the Distinguished Actor,
LOUIS JAMES
Opens at the Box Office Wednesday Morning, November 12, at 9 o'clock.
REPERTORY.
NOVEMBER 17 (EVENING) RICHELIEU
NOVEMBER 18 (EVENING) VIRGINIUS
NOVEMBER 19 (MATINEE) THE MARBLE HEART
NOVEMBER 19 (EVENING) JULIUS CÆSAR
Course Tickets for the Four Performaces, $3!

LYCEUM THEATER.
JOHN B. HUGHES & Co.....Proprietors.
WM. EDINGS.....Manager.
ONE WEEK | Commencing MONDAY, NOV. 10.
MATINEES
TUESDAY THURSDAY SATURDAY
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Frank H. Swain.....Stage Manager.
O. W. Wilkinson.....Music Director.
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This occurs very often in Rheumatism.
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Often in all ages in painful diseases.
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WASTE NO MORE TIME
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AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

Lyceum—"Around the World in Eighty Days."
Powers'—"Fort Donelson."
Redmond's Grand—Gray & Stephens Dramatic company.
Smith's Opera House—Vaudeville performance.

PUBLIC OPINION.

The people of Grand Rapids have not yet conceived the proper respect for the cable cars. They have always been accustomed to the more staid horse cars which would stop for anything and from which there was scarcely any danger. But it is a different matter with trains running at the rate of 12 miles an hour. People are negligent about getting out of the way and they saunter over a crosswalk with an air of leisure that would lead one to believe that there was not a train rapidly approaching them. Already several accidents have been the result of such carelessness and by the time a few more people are bunted up against there will be less indifference displayed. Grand Rapids is no longer a village where cars need not be stopped at the pleasure of pedestrians. Rapid transit has been demanded by the people and now that they have it they should give it full sway.

Another thing in connection with the cable service is the danger to which little children are exposed by it. Yesterday afternoon a little tot of a girl, only two years old, was crossing Bridge street with her 5-year-old brother, just as a cable train was nearing that point. The boy ran on, but the baby girl, all unconscious of her peril, stopped directly in the path of the train and commenced to dance and clap her hands gleefully. A young lady saw the danger and cried to the boy to get his sister off the track but he paid no attention to the appeal and the young lady then ran into the street and dragged the little one from the track or just a moment before the cable train dashed up and stopped about two feet from where she had stood. Such little children should not be permitted to wander about unprotected and the parents should consider this incident as a warning.

L. K. Salsbury, the young attorney, has been the subject of considerable amusement during the last day or two. Saturday night he obtained a marriage license after hours and vainly endeavored to keep it from the newspapers altogether. Some of his friends in joking him of it yesterday asked him why he was ashamed of the fact that he was going to be married, and someone suggested that probably he didn't like to have it known that his intended was a year his senior, while another thought it was on account of her name. But after all, Mr. Salsbury is a good fellow, and Miss Gertrude Shasks, who he told is a Muskegon school ma'am, is to be congratulated on securing such a talented and warm-hearted husband.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

Defense of Dr. Rozema.

EDITOR MORNING PRESS—Your article in this morning's paper in regard to the actions of Dr. Rozema about one of his patients on Union street does great injustice to one of our prominent physicians of this city. Dr. Rozema has attended to my family for the last year, and I always have found him prompt whenever I called for his services. I am positive that he has done his duty nobly and in a capable manner, for which he will always remember him, as no physician could have done more for my wife than he has. I can also state, Mr. Editor, that I have not seen Dr. Rozema today, as I left home early this morning and returned at 6 o'clock p. m., but felt it my duty to answer the statement in your paper of today, as I think your reporter must have been informed wrongfully as to the facts in the case, as it is a custom among physicians to pay more attention to wealthy patients than to poor ones, and I am positive he could have not done any more if I had been a millionaire. Respectfully yours,

WEST SIDE.

Grand Rapids, Nov. 10.

Police Court Notes.

Robert Brown and Charles O'Donnell occupied the box at the early session of Police court yesterday, and in default of $5 fine and costs imposed upon each for being drunk and disorderly, they each went to jail for 15 days.

Geo. A. Eastman, the man arrested for threatening to shoot Joe Paxton with a curling iron, will have a hearing at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

John Mastron, one of the boys convicted of stealing grapes from Johnson & Goss, was fined $5 and costs or five days in jail. The fine was paid.

John Denton, on a charge of disturbing the peace, will be heard this morning.

David M. Haight, on Thursday, will tell Judge Holmes his reason for not supporting his family.

Another adjournment of the Frank Koch assault and battery case was secured, and this morning at 10 o'clock was announced as the accepted time.

Daniel J. Buckley, charged with the embezzlement of money from the liquor firm of W. A. Mulcher & Co., of Toledo, Ohio, was held to the Superior court for trial.

Geo. A. Bowen answered to a charge of keeping his saloon open on Sunday, and secured an adjournment for one week.

Marriage Licenses.

Number.		Ages.
3465—Lant K. Salisbury, city,	and Gertrude Shanks, Muskegon,	34—25.
3466—Wm. Wright, Grand Rapids,	and Josephine Stiner, city,	26—18
3467—Henry S. Fralick, city,	and Mary C. Davis, Caledonia,	37—26
3468—William H. Kent and Emma A. Breckenridge, both city,		22—21
3469—John T. O'Connor and Anna Fogarty,		34—28

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles, 10 cents at Thum Bros.' drug store. Regular size, 50 cents and $1.

Something New.

Every subscriber of magazines and illustrated works will be pleased to know that the Grand Rapids Book Bindery, 29 Canal street, is making special rates for binding magazines and other periodicals in quantities of five volumes or more during the month of November. We are introducing new and elegant designs in all kinds of bindings. Telephone No. 1243.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

HOW PATTI MADE HER FIRST APPEARANCE, DOLL IN ARMS.

Women as Court Stenographers—Marriage Tableaux—Woman Lifted to a Higher Level—The Newest Fad—The Fashions in Hosiery.

Mme. Patti, like many of her sisters in art, is as brilliant in conversation as she is gifted in song, and is wont to entertain her guests at Craig-y-nos with many anecdotes of her early life. Long before she could speak, the diva declares, she was able to sing all the airs which she had heard her mother rehearsing with the director of the opera, and so correct was her ear that she could detect the slightest falsity of intonation, and showed her displeasure by shaking her head at the delinquent.

Nothing delighted her so much as to be allowed to go to the opera when her parents were performing in New York, and on returning home, after having been put to bed, she would creep out again when all in the house were fast asleep, and perform the whole opera to the best of her ability by the light of a flickering taper.

When Patti was about 7 years old she well remembers seeing her father in great distress on the point of parting with a diamond ornament he possessed, so that his children might not want for bread. She hatched an idea flashed through her childish brain.

"Papa," she exclaimed, "you just give a concert, and I will sing!"

Signor Patti laughed heartily at the idea, but so persistently did the little Adelina entreat that her wishes should be carried out that at length consent was given. Signora Patti plaited the long hair of her tiny daughter and powdered her round brown cheeks. She had many misgivings when the hour arrived for her to be dressed for her first concert, but the miniature prima donna herself, clutching her favorite doll "Henriette" tightly in her arms, was entirely mistress of herself, and curtseyed with laughable dignity and impertinence on the being herself face to face with her audience. Her success, as everybody knows, was immediate.—London Tit Bits.

Women as Court Stenographers.

A dispatch from Montreal says that several members of the Canadian bar have objected to the appointment of Miss Grace Eaton as official stenographer at the court house on the grounds that there is a great deal of evidence taken before the courts which is not fit for women's ears. Several of the Chicago judiciary were visited and their opinions asked as to whether this objection was well sustained. Judges Blodgett and Walter Q. Gresham were found together, and said they could see no reason why a woman should not perform the duties of stenographer.

"There are too many cases, of course," said Judge Blodgett, "where the evidence is not even fit for men's ears, but if a woman enters the arena of labor she must take chances on having her sensibilities shocked. It is recorded that in some cases where the evidence was of a particularly racy character the court room has been cleared of all women, including any female officials there might be about, but these cases are rare." Continuing, Judge Blodgett, who also spoke for Judge Gresham, said:

"The official stenographer of our court is a woman, and I do not remember that she has complained of the nature of the evidence which she was obliged to take down, and if it was not exactly fit for publication she no doubt realized that it was simply a matter of business, nothing more. I think on this matter our Canadian confreres are a little too sensitive."—Chicago Tribune.

Marriage Tableaux.

The women of Boston gave a unique entertainment in the Hollis Street theatre. The evolution of the institution of marriage was represented through its various stages, from the marriage by capture to the imposing modern celebration of the rite.

The first tableau was the seizure of the Sabine women by the early Romans. Next was the "Marriage Market of Babylon," with thirteen pretty girls on the blocks, the auctioneer singing their praises and the nobles examining them all critically. Following this was the Indian ceremony, represented by the marriage of Pocahontas and John Rolfe, and next came the Japanese wedding represented in gorgeous style.

Then there was the Russian marriage, copied after Makowski's famous picture of the wedding feast. The husband was in the act of saluting his young bride, who shrinks from the jokes and laughter of the guests at the table.

Next came the Dutch marriage, copied from Tenier's celebrated painting entitled "A Peasant's Wedding." In the background the wedding guests are dancing, while in front stand the happy bride and bridegroom, the husband half embracing his wife, who accepts it bashfully and awkwardly. The tableaux ended with a scene in Gretna Green—the lovers, who have arrived in time, and the irate parents, who have arrived too late.—Boston Letter.

Woman Lifted to a Higher Level.

In an address before the conference of Baltimore charities, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore said:

The changes in the laws relating to women have been wonderful. In Massachusetts, in financial matters, the law places me on a better footing than it does my husband. The best thing about these changes, too, is that they been wrought by men. Woman has been lifted to a higher level than she ever hoped to live to see her occupy, and it would be amazing if all these things did not bear fruit. It has borne fruit, and this conference today is one of them.

Women are everywhere using their influence in helping their neighbors. The power of organization is a new thing for us, for when I was a young woman it was not possible. In those days it was often said that woman was woman's worst enemy. We do not hear it now, and if it ever was true it is not now, for today woman is woman's truest friend. Everywhere women are building homes in which they may carry on their work of helping those less fortunate than themselves. They will carry on the work to results we cannot see now, and of which we hardly dare dream.

The Newest Fad.

The story goes that the newest fad of the fashionable women of Fifth avenue is a rivalry in obtaining the handsomest bedstead. One which has roused the envy of all the competitors is of brass, and presents a gorgeous appearance. On the top of the bedstead is a coronet supported by a canopy. One side is inclosed in a massive brass rail, and upon this the owner's monogram is worked in brass and pearl. The whole, with the blankets, quilts and linen, cost more than the residences of hundreds of less fortunate people.

Another remarkably handsome brass bedstead stands in a well Fifth avenue mansion had the most elaborate hammered work on the entire top and sides. Gods and goddesses, little cupids and all the birds of the air were represented in great numbers. This, too, bore a crest and monogram, and cost the indulgent papa of the owner a small fortune.

Then there are bedsteads formed of various and expensive woods, richly inlaid with pearl and brass. In fact, there is no end to the variety of styles, and furniture dealers are apparently giving most of their attention to this new demand on the part of Miss Manhattan.—New York Letter.

Fashions in Hosiery.

Although black remains the leading style for ladies, men, misses and children, yet we have had several modifications of the cast iron rule of "black and white" of late. Men are wearing gray, tan and mode shades in cotton and silk, the latter for evening being prettily clocked in self colors. Children are usually dressed in black hose with all frocks, but there is a demand for best wool stockings to match the dress. It has often been claimed that domestic hosiery is not as well shaped or made as the foreign, but there is at least one firm here selling beautiful examples of silk hose made in this country.

"It is a poor foot that won't shape its own stocking," but nothing will make a thick seamed stocking comfortable. Always darn black hose with fast black darning cotton, as the others soon turn green, as do unfortunately many so called fast black hose. Ladies are wearing tan, gray and tartan hose with dresses to match, and some very pretty black silk hose have colored tops, heels and toes. Black cotton hose are sometimes higher in price, but it pays to buy good stockings of reliable brands." — Dry Goods Economist.

Chrysanthemums Growing in Favor.

Chrysanthemums are now very much in favor among swell women. They are brilliant in color and contribute a pleasing and decorative effect to a woman's costume. The yellow ones, which are very yellow indeed, are the most highly prized. Some of the large ones are priced as high as $1.50 each. The florists say, however, that the largest chrysanthemums in this country are very small compared with the chrysanthemums in Japan, where specimens attain the size of an American sunflower. The chief objection to the use of chrysanthemums heretofore has been that the odor of them is not at all pleasant.

Yankee ingenuity, however, has been at work on the problem suggested by this objection and some flower dealers have able through the use of chemicals applied directly to the growing plant to achieve a flower which is odorless or almost so. It has been not unusual in the flower trade, it is said, to add perfume to flowers occasionally by dipping them in some fragrant essence, but the chrysanthemum case is the first case of flowers going through a process of deodorization.—Exchange.

Mrs. Weir's Cooking.

Mrs. R. F. Weir, wife of the professor of chemical surgery in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, letters of whose death have just come from Milan, was more widely known and admired than most women in strictly private life. During the civil war she was a hospital nurse at Frederick City, Md., where not only her sick and wounded Federal soldiers, but the captive Confederates as well, were tenderly cared for. Mrs. Weir was then Miss Marie Washington McPherson, whose delicate cookery not less than her faithful nursing helped to complete the cures which the skill of Dr. Weir had begun, and whose unfailing kindness made her name a household word in hundreds of homes both north and south which she has never seen.—Harper's Bazar.

The Care of the Throat.

This is the time of year when school children begin to die with diphtheritic deaths about the throat. It is not well to do this, if one can possibly do without the muffling, for if once begun, it must be carried through the entire season, or colds will result. Then, too, covering the throat is apt to make it sensitive. The muscles of the throat can be strengthened by reasonable exposure. But singers and speakers should always cover the throat after singing or speaking, when going into a cool room, or into the open air. Wearing a light bit of lace, or any open work covering for the neck that will admit of ventilation, is the best protection.—New York Ledger.

No More Bracelets.

The pupils in the Philadelphia School of Practice are rebelling against an alleged outrage perpetrated by Miss Hall, the principal. It seems that some days ago that lady issued an edict to the effect that all pupils in the school are allowed to wear bracelets.

There was a vigorous protest from the larger girls, but Miss Hall carried her point, and all but two pupils yielded. The parents of these two girls backed such an energetic storm of disapproval that their offspring are still permitted to dazzle their mates with a display of the ornaments.

It is claimed, however, that some of the others, while apparently complying with the new requirements, in reality wear the bracelets concealed beneath their sleeves. Being forbidden, they are naturally the most desirable things in the life of the school girls just now.

Being asked the reason of this edict, Miss Hall explained that she thinks bracelets are unnecessary on the wrists of school girls; that they are noisy and interfere with writing and other hand work. Jewelry distracts the attention of the pupils and causes envy among those who are not fortunate possessors. She also remarks that the reform may be carried still further.—Philadelphia Special.

A Handkerchief Bonnet.

If you know "what's what" you have bought yourself or made yourself a handkerchief bonnet. At least that is what they are called, but they are so small that a handkerchief would blush to find itself so insignificant. These "handkerchiefs" are really tiny strips of fancy silk that permit themselves to be twisted around a wire frame. Strips of baby ribbon, by courtesy called strings, are then fastened thereto. Handkerchief bonnets are sometimes tiny toques of silk, tossed and tied and pulled and twisted until it takes on the captivating semblance of a bit of scarf carelessly pinned on my lady's tresses.—Exchange.

Plants for Winter.

A pretty plant for winter decoration is a healthy young mignonette, which, when properly clipped and pruned, assumes a vigorous, treelike shape, and blooms freely all the winter. Another excellent choice for a flower lover whose space is limited is a handsome coral begonia. This plant, when allowed plenty of room, has a beautiful shape and blossoms the year through. Its foliage is almost perfect in color and form, and, if watered once a week with diluted ammonia water, the greens are unusually rich, and contrast finely with the dainty coral blossoms.—New York Ledger.

Effects for an Autumn Dinner.

If you intend to give a swell dinner this autumn you must devise original effects. For instance, you must issue invitations for a diner d'Automne, and trim your dining room with autumn leaves and the latest fashion plates. Then in the center of your table you must place a huge epergne, which you must load down with fruit set off with leaves, and at each of the four corners of the table you must place a large silver or china candelabrum, about the arms of which trail white, black and purple grapes.—Exchange.

National Mourning in Corea.

The death of the queen dowager of Corea is a matter of supreme concern to the nation. All business will be at a standstill for months, and every Corean—man, woman and child—will have to go into mourning, which, it is calculated, means all the very least, and to the poorest, a month's wages, in a country where nine-tenths of the population at any given time are on the brink of starvation.—London Tit-Bits.

The clothing of the child should not bind or too much confine the body, for it will have on the mind, on the soul of the child, the same effect it has on the body. The mother who keeps long dresses half a yard below the little limbs after they begin to tangle up commits a crime against the child. Let it be as light as the requirement of warmth will allow, and free the little limbs from long dresses as soon as possible. The tight fitting trousers that are put on little boys are an abomination.

Miss Grace H. Dodge, ex-school commissioner of New York, and Miss Clara de Graffenreid, clerk to the United States commission of labor, who took half of Mrs. Amelie Rives Chanler's prize for the best essay on child labor, have been making a two months' journey together in Europe to investigate the conditions and hardships of the working girl, with a view to their amelioration.

A home for women teachers was opened last fall at Dresden, Germany, in a building of the city. Teachers of any nation can stay at the home temporarily for forty or fifty cents a day and enjoy the benefit of a local teachers' association. Retired German teachers can live here with one room for $150 or with two for $175 a year.

Mrs. E. B. Custer, always a favorite in New York society, will presently return here for the winter. Mrs. Custer has spent the summer in Montana and the Dakotas, revisiting the scenes of her eventful and happy life with her gallant husband, to whose memory her new book, "Following the Guidon," is another tribute.

Mme. Patti-Nicolini's new theatre at Craig-y-nos seats 180 people and can easily be transformed into a ball room. Handsome easy chairs are provided for the auditorium, and nearly 300 electric lights make daylight of the interior. It will be formally opened next year.

Miss Edna Lyall has been recovering her health and enjoying convalescence from invalidism on the borders of Dartmoor for several weeks. She is so much improved in health that she hopes to resume her literary work during the winter.

For the instant destruction of roaches stir into a half-pint of hot paste a dime's worth of phosphorus, adding when cool a quarter the bulk of grease. This should be placed where they frequent, and they will die while eating it.

In London driving gloves of white chevrette suede kid, having the palm, first finger and thumb lined with tan, are worn by ladies. They have four buttons, and are embroidered in white or cream.

Knee Breeches and Silk Stockings.

And so knee breeches and silk stockings are to be the fashion for full dress occasions in England this winter. And why not in America? Long have gentlemen in society struggled to be allowed to make some distinction between their own dress and that of the waiters. But fashion or custom is inexorable. A year or two ago a very sensible society lady in Newport, Rhode Island, at which place the gentlemen were requested to appear in variously colored garments. The result was charming, a revival of the days of Louis and of the Charleses. But the fashion thus set, or attempted to be set, did not continue. Why not no one can tell.

After this one ball was over the crimson and blues and purples were laid aside and appeared no more, and their crown reappeared in their somber "clay hammers." To resume the garb of our forefathers for ordinary wear would be an absurdity, but to revive these graceful and elegant garments for dress occasions would certainly be good taste and could not be unfavorably received by the ladies. The revival of the silk stockings and breeches in English society is perhaps a forerunner of some such revolution. Already we of this country are growing sensible in the matter of summer attire; why should we not grow sensible as well in our garments for social occasions?—Boston Advertiser.

Naming Colts.

Naming colts as they are brought into the world on a big stock raising farm might seem to be a simple operation; but, just as when the parents of a dozen children find themselves short of names and have to resort to a Biblical or classical terminology, so do the owners of a lot of horses keep the surplus of raising horses for the turf find themselves running short of names. Who has failed to notice the odd nomenclature of the race course? The proprietor of a farm and a big lot of thoroughbreds in Pennsylvania has made a rule for himself. To all the colts born in the first year, under this rule, he gave names beginning with A, in the second year B, and so on. He put the idea into practice nine years ago, and has reached the letter I. Sometimes there are queer combinations of names. For instance, a colt was named Harmony, and the next year his brother had tacked to him the name Impudence. As the breeder has fifteen colts this year to be named with names beginning with the letter I, he confesses himself puzzled to originate attractive and orotund names enough to go around.—New York Sun.

Punished for Being Honest

John Brannon, a man bearing a good character, found a check at the Edinburgh exhibition. He could not read, and the friends to whom he showed the check advised him to keep it and look out for a reward. This he did, buying the Edinburgh papers for a month, at the end of which time he handed over the check to the police. He then got his reward.

He was prosecuted for not giving up the check within the prescribed time after finding it, and was brought before Bailie Walcot, who, although "he did not think there was any intention of theft," imposed a fine of 10 days' imprisonment, "it being too serious an affair for his lordship to pass by." The bailie therefore expressly finds that the man was not a thief. Why, then, the sentence? Evidently as a punishment for honesty, since if the man had destroyed the check instead of delivering it to the police he would never have got into trouble.—London Truth.

A Cool Thief.

A thief went through the Mount Vernon, O., Sanitarium the other day. He drove up to the door of the building in a buggy, hitched his horse, and went in. Soon after a lady patient entered her room and found a man there with a two foot rule measuring a window. Turning to her he said: "There seems to be only one slat broken out of that blind, and I've only found four so far in the house." He then went out and well through the other rooms, and, having completed his researches, got into his buggy and drove away. Soon after the lady who saw him in her room found that her purse, with $17, was missing, and an investigation proved that the thief had ransacked all the rooms right before the eyes of the manager and all of his assistants.—Cleveland Leader.

Modern Miracles.

A singer for breath was distressed,
And the doctors all said she must rest,
But she took G. M. D.
For her weak lungs, you see,
And now she can sing with the best.

An athlete gave out, on a run,
And he feared his career was quite done;
G. M. D., pray observe,
Gave back his lost nerve,
And now he can lift half a ton.

A writer, who wrote for the press,
Had headaches and pain in his eyes;
G. M. D. was the spell
That made him quite well,
And glory before him now lies.

These are only examples of the daily triumphs of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, in restoring health and reviving wasted vitality. Sold by all druggists.

D. L. & N. C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. "Knowledge" is not like C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. food, dear C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. to be enjoyed by C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. use, but rather C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. to be augmented and perfected, and C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. there is nothing C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. body of knowledge so complete, but C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. that it may be acquired without C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. cession. But C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. to this end it is necessary that it C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. should be invested, as far as possible, C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. with artificial life. C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. Cultivated and stripped of all technical C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. calities and made to C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. tend to place it within the C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. reach of every light of a C. & W. M.
D. L. & N. craft and a "delivery" C. & W. M.

SIMPLY STATED,

The D. L. & N. is the favorite route to Detroit, Saginaw, etc., and its prosperous rival, the C. & W. M., is no less popular as the Chicago Line. Full particulars as to trains, rates, sleeping cars, parlor cars, baggage checks, etc., at the city office, 67 Monroe street, or at Union Station.

GEORGE DEHAVEN,
General Passenger Agent.

Special Notice.

All persons who promised to donate provisions or refreshments of any kind for the Masonic fair are requested to send the same to the refreshment rooms adjoining Masonic hall. Those on the west side of the river are requested to send their's Monday morning, the 10th inst. The committee find it impossible to send for each individual donation.

S. R. WOOSTER, Chairman.

Trains to Masonic Home.

Trains will leave the Union station at 2 p. m. every day this week, beginning Monday, for the Masonic home. Returning, leave the home at 3 p. m. Fare for the round trip, 15 cents.

Tickets on sale at Union depot, and Union ticket office, 67 Monroe street.

GEO. DEHAVEN,
General Passenger Agent.

Special Notice.

From now until December 1st I will make frames to order at reduced prices, to make room for holiday stock now on the way. Call and see.

F. H. SEYMOUR,
145 Monroe Street, New Kendall Block.

COMMENCING tomorrow, Sadie Smithpennell will sell all her trimmed hats at one-third off from former prices, continuing for the next 30 days. The ladies will find it to their interests to call at the new store, No. 5 South Division, in the Warwick building, and compare prices and styles.

THE first symptoms of heart disease are short breath, fluttering, faint and hungry spells, pain in the side, swollen ankles; for which Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is a marvelous remedy. Fine book on Heart Disease, with wonderful cures, free at White & White's and E. R. Sweet's, or address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

ELECTRO-OZONE

The purchasers of Dr. J. C. Kenedy's office and apparatus hereby announce a change in the time for free treatments and a great reduction in prices for from six to twenty-six treatments. The office and practice will be conducted upon strict professional and business principles. An educated, skilled and experienced physician will be in constant attendance to examine, prescribe and advise. Candid opinions will be given; honest, square dealing, reasonable charges, and a conscientious and persistent effort to earn every dollar paid for treatment will be the rule. No money will be accepted from these believed to be incurable; such cases will be treated free on Wednesday evenings.

Ladies and gentlemen of this and other cities are ready to certify, and have certified, that they have been cured by Electro-Ozone, of consumption, asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, sore throat, catarrh, deafness, rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, dropsy, dyspepsia and desperate and supposed incurable diseases of the brain, nerves, heart, blood, bones, skin, liver, stomach, bowels, kidneys, rectum, bladder, womb, and other sexo-urinary organs. Pains and aches have been instantly and permanently relieved; sight and hearing restored; unnatural and diseased discharges checked; ulcers and abscesses healed.

Under its influence the mind becomes clear, the nerves strong and steady, and the spirits buoyant. Tumors, strictures, polapi, and morbid growths disappear like snow under a warm sun. The weak are made strong and vigorous; the despondent hopeful, and the sick well (at rooms 9, 10, and 11, the "Hermitage," Fuller's new block, corner of Canal and Bridge-sts., Grand Rapids, Mich.) by

ELECTRO-OZONE

EVERYBODY

To Know that they can Get Done, Better

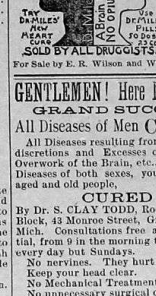
Coloring, Cleaning and Repairing

At 59 South Divsion Street Than Any Other Place in the City.

Special Attention to Coloring of

PLUMES AND NEW GOODS.

C. D. ROSE, Proprietor,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.



HEART DISEASE cured by Dr. Miles' New Cure. Nervous prostration, St. Vitus Dance, Fits, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Trial bottles at drug stores. Free book on Heart and Nerves. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

For Sale by E. R. Wilson and White & White.

GENTLEMEN! Here Is Success!

GRAND SUCCESS

All Diseases of Men CURED

All Diseases resulting from Early Indiscretions and Excesses of Manhood, Overwork, Loss of Vitality, etc., all Urinary Diseases of both sexes, young, middle-aged and old people,

CURED

By Dr. S. CLAY TODD, Room 4, Immen block, 43 Monroe street, Grand Rapids, Mich. Consultations free and confidential, from 9 in the morning to 7 at night, every day but Sundays.

No mercury used to hurt the head.
Keep your head clear.
No Mechanical Treatment.
No unnecessary surgical operations.
Keep whole, you will live longer and be happier. Make one call if possible.

COAL

Grate, $5,50; Nut, No. 4, Stove and Egg, $5.75, Delivered. When shoveled, if carried in baskets, 25 cents a ton extra

VALLEY CITY ICE & COAL CO
25 MONROE ST.

MOORMAN,
Dentist,
Rooms 8 and 9 Porter Block,
Entrance on Ottawa, Monroe St.
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.
Telephone 291

Why Are We Sick?

Call on Dr. S. Clay Todd for the particulars

A. L. LIVINGSTON,
Founder of the Popular Priced Restaurant,
Proprietor of
Livingston Hotel
AND RESTAURANT.
51 AND 53 LYON ST.
(Established 1884.)
RATES $1.00 AND $1.25 PER DAY.
Only 15 Cent Restaurant in the City.
Seating Capacity, 100: Hotel capacity, 75 rooms, newly refitted and furnished throughout. Nice place for Ladies.
OPEN ALL NIGHT. TELEPHONE 775.

OFFICIAL RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad.

In Effect October 5, 1890.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	Arr From South.	Lve Going North.
For Saginaw, solid train...		† 7:00 a m
For Traverse City.....	† 5:15 a m	† 7:05 a m
For Traverse City and Mackinaw..	9:30 a m	†11:30 a m
For Saginaw, solid train...		† 4:30 p m
For Cadillac.....	† 2:15 p m	† 5:00 p m
For Mackinaw.....	† 8:50 p m	†10:30 p m
From Kalamazoo.....	† 3:50 p m	

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	Arr From North.	Lve Going South.
For Cincinnati.....	† 6:00 a m	† 6:30 a m
For Kalamazoo and Chicago.....	*10:15 a m	*10:30 a m
From Saginaw.....	11:45 a m	
For Fort Wayne and the East.....		† 2:00 p m
For Cincinnati.....	† 5:30 p m	† 6:00 p m
For Kalamazoo and Chicago.....	*10:50 p m	†11:30 p m
From Kalamazoo.....	*10:30 p m	

Trains marked † run daily. † Daily except Sunday.

Sleeping and Parlor Car Service.

Northbound—10:30 p m train, parlor car for Mackinaw City; 10:30 p m train, Wagner sleeping car for Mackinaw City.

South—6:30 a m train, parlor chair car for Cincinnati; 10:30 a m train, through parlor car to be had by calling upon A. Almquist, ticket Agent, at Union station or Geo. W. Munson, Union ticket office 67 Monroe street.

O. L. LOCKWOOD, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agent

CHICAGO & WEST MICHIGAN R'Y.

In Effect Oct 5, 1890.

DEPART.

Express for Big Rapids, Ludington, Manistee and Traverse City.....	†7:35 a m
Express for Chicago and Muskegon..	*9:50 a m
Fast mail for Chicago.....	†12:05 p m
Express for Muskegon and Hart.....	†5:55 p m
Night Express for Chicago.....	*11:35 p m
Night Express for Indianapolis.....	†11:35 p m
Night Express for Traverse City.....	†11:35 p m
Express for Big Rapids, Baldwin, Ludington, Manistee and Traverse City,	†6:05 p m
Express for Grand Haven and Muskegon	†8:40 p m

ARRIVE.

Night Express from Chicago.....	*6:30 a m
Night Express from Indianapolis.....	*6:30 a m
Express from Grand Haven.....	†10:40 a m
Express from Traverse City, Manistee and Ludington.....	†12:15 p m
Mail from Chicago and Muskegon....	†3:55 p m
Express from Grand Haven.....	*5:30 p m
Fast Express from Chicago.....	†10:15 p m
Express from Muskegon and Pentwater.....	†5:50 p m
Express from Manistee and Traverse City.....	†8:40 p m
Express from Baldwin and Traverse City.....	†10:40 p m

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Monday. ¶Daily except Saturday.

Through parlor coach to Chicago on 9:00 a m train. No extra charge for seats.

Through cabin sleeper and chair cars to and from Indianapolis on Night Express trains.

Wagner sleeping cars on night express train between Grand Rapids and Chicago.

Wagner buffet drawing room cars between Grand Rapids and Chicago on trains leaving at 1:00 p m, and arriving at 10:15 p m.

DETROIT, LANSING & NORTHERN R. R.

In Effect Oct. 5, 1890.

DEPART.

Express for Saginaw and Bay City.....	†7:30 a m
Mail for Lansing, Detroit and East.....	†7:25 a m
Ex. for Lansing, Detroit and East.....	†1:30 p m
Mail for Alma, St. Louis and Saginaw..	†4:30 p m
Fast ex. for Detroit, N. Y. and Boston	*6:35 p m

ARRIVE.

Mail from Saginaw, and Bay City.....	†11:45 a m
Mail from Lansing, Detroit and east..	†12:10 p m
Ex. express from Lansing, Detroit and the east.....	* 6:05 p m
Express from Lansing and Detroit.....	†9:50 p m
from Saginaw St. Louis and Alma.....	†10:30 p m

*Daily. † Except Sundays.

Through trains sleeper and chair cars between Grand Rapids and Detroit and Grand Rapids and Saginaw.

The shortest line to Detroit and East. Elegant parlor cars between Detroit and Grand Rapids.

Fast express from Lansing, Detroit and the east.

GEO. DEHAVEN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.

GOING SOUTH—DEPART.

Mail and Express.....	7:40 a m
Mail.....	2:05 p m
Freight.....	6:00 p m
Freight.....	12:05 a m

ARRIVE

Mail and Express.....	9:10 a m
Mail and Express.....	6:00 p m
Freight.....	12:05 a m
Freight.....	6:45 p m

A. J. SMITH, G. T. & P. A., Cleveland, O.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

	DEPART	ARRIVE
New York Express	2:00 a m	10:00 p m
Detroit Express.....	7:20 a m	10:00 p m
Mixed	6:30 a m	6:00 p m
Day Express	11:55 a m	10:00 a m
Atlantic and Pacific.....	*11:15 p m	6:00 a m

*Daily. All other daily except Sunday.

Sleeping cars run on Pacific and Atlantic Express trains between Chicago and Detroit. Also on Day Express and Grand Rapids Express to and from Detroit. Direct connections made at Detroit with all through trains East—Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe street, at Union depot.

FRED M. BANCROFT, Gen'l Agt, 95 Monroe-st

J. S. HOLCOMBE, Ticket Ag't, Union Depot.

GEO. W. MUNSON, Union Ticket Office, 67 Monroe street.

O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. Agt, Chicago.

Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee.

WEST BOUND.	Ar	Lv.
Morning Express.....	12 50 p m	1:00 p m
Through Mail.....	5:00 p m	5:10 p m
Steamboat Express.....	10:25 p m	
Night Express.....	*6:40 a m	7:05 a m
Mixed		7 30 a m
EAST BOUND.	Ar	Lv.
Detroit Express.....		*6:30 a m
Through Mail.....	10:10 a m	10:20 a m
Evening Express.....	3:35 p m	3:45 p m
Express	9:50 p m	10:55 p m

*Daily. †Sundays excepted.

Detroit Express leaving at 6.50 a. m. has Wagner parlor and buffet car attached and evening express leaving 3:45 p. m. has parlor car attached. These trains make direct connection in Detroit for all points East.

Exp ess leaving at 10:55 p. m. has Wagner Sleeping car to Detroit, arriving in Detroit at 7:20 a. m.

Through railroad tickets, ocean steamship tickets, and sleeping car berths secured at the D. G. H. & M. Railway City Office, 23 Monroe-st. and at the depot.

F. J. WHITCOMB, City Pass. Agent.

JNO. W. LOUD, Traffic Manager, Detroit.

DEATH NOTICES.

CASSIDY—At his residence, 117 Bartlett street, on Sunday, November 8, 1896, James Cassidy.
Funeral from St. Andrews' cathedral at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

EVARTS—At his residence in Paris township, on Sunday, November 9, 1896, Rev. Nathaniel K. Evarts, aged 77 years.
Funeral from the residence at 10 o'clock this morning.

BALLARD—At the Nelson homestead in this city, on Sunday, November 8, 1896, Stephen H. Ballard, late of Denver, Colo., aged 54 years.
Funeral from the residence, 114 Bostwick street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

CITY AND SUBURBS.

IN SUNDAY SCHOOL.
Oh, how I love my teacher's face,
Oh, how I love to pray!
Oh, how I love this life of grace!
Oh, how they'll miss me from this place
Just after Christmas day!

To Mr. and Mrs. George M. Giles, 142 Third street, a girl.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Barnhardt, Nov. 3—a seven pound girl.

The West Side canal has been repaired and is again filled with water.

Telephone Manager Boyce leaves today for his new home and his new duties in Detroit.

The county board of canvassers will meet today in the supervisors' room at the city hall.

The Prohibitionists will celebrate their increased vote at a meeting to be held Saturday.

Assistant Prosecutor Frank A. Rodgers, who has been seriously ill for several months, is convalescent.

The members of the Kent county bar meet in the Circuit court room at 9 o'clock this morning to take action on the death of Stephen H. Ballard.

The new savings bank will be known as the "Peoples'" bank. All of the stock has now been subscribed. The directors will be elected the latter part of this week.

Cornelius Mastenbrook wishes to express his thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted him during his recent affliction in the sickness and death of his wife.

A small boy with 40 sparrow heads claimed the attention of the city clerk, Shinkman, yesterday, which number is the daily average of birds destroyed by the youth of the city.

Frank Jacobs, 8 years old, living at 64 Spring street, with his mother, was taken to the Coldwater school yesterday, owing to the inability of his mother to take proper care of him.

Mrs. W. R. Burt of Saginaw and her son, C. H. Burt, were among those who witnessed the opening of the Masonic fair. Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Wheeler of Manistee were also present.

Sixteen chattel mortgages on household goods for amounts ranging from $10 to $75 were filed with the city clerk yesterday. The "sharks" seem to be enjoying a boom in business.

W. R. Cornelius, organist at the Fountain street Baptist church, was absent two Sundays in October. He furnished a substitute, but the trustees declined to pay him full salary and he has resigned.

County Agent Holcomb yesterday took Jacob Steinman to the reform school at Lansing. Steinman is the boy sentenced to serve three years for the crime of stealing a basket of grapes from Johnson & Goss.

The funeral of George W. Yale will take place from the family residence on Scribner street, at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. Friends of the family and old settlers invited to attend. Interment at Paris cemetery.

An old gentleman giving his name as Winchester, was knocked down at the corner of Canal and Bridge streets yesterday by a cable train. Fortunately for Mr. Winchester, he escaped without any serious injury.

Mrs. Caswell, president of the Home Missionary society of New York, and Mrs. Mac. Lane of Detroit, will address a missionary meeting to be held in the Park Congregational church at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Bessie Baxter, a five-year-old flaxen haired girl of Michigan street, was picked up by the police on Canal street yesterday and turned over to some news boys who took her home. The little one was bareheaded and almost frozen.

Owing to the illness of Judge Sage of Cincinnati, Judge Jackson has ordered Judge Severens of the United States District court to Cincinnati, and as a result the United States District court here has been adjourned until November 29.

Proofs were taken in open court Saturday in the case of Ruth A. Wall against Corydon A. Wall, and yesterday Judge Grove signed a decree of divorce separating the twain from the cruel bonds of matrimony, on the grounds of desertion.

Epple Vanderzele a boy in charge of Marcus Snow, deputy state agent from Muskegon, was placed in police headquarters yesterday for safe keeping. The boy was on his way to the Lansing reformatory where he was sentenced for three years.

Judge Grove yesterday pronounced the words and placed his name to a decree of divorce separating Mary E. Barber and Cyrus D. Barber, the grounds being extreme cruelty and non-support. Mrs. Barber was given the custody of Gladys Barber, a minor child.

In the matter of Minnie F. Babcock against John F. Babcock, Mary Rogers against Frank A. Rogers, Thomas S. Roberts against Mary J. Roberts and Mary Mathews against Charles Mathews Judge Grove yesterday heard the order of reference and took the bills filed as confessed.

A. Pienneman of 69 Fountain street reported to the police yesterday afternoon that his horse and buggy had been stolen from the corner of Scribner and Oakes streets. The horse is described as being a four-year-old, black, weighing 1,000 pounds, hitched to a full leather top side bar buggy.

At a meeting of the West Side Building and Loan association held last evening, Wm. E. Gill was elected president, vice Wm. Dunham, resigned. S. G. Ketchum was elected vice-president in place of Mr. Gill, and Arthur Chilvers was elected as a director to fill vacancy until the annual election in January.

The ejectment suit of George H. Hill against Frank T. Warrell, et al., occupied the attention of Judge Grove and a jury yesterday. The testimony was all submitted, the arrangements made, and the case will go the jury this morning. The suit is brought by Hill to obtain possession of lands now held by the defendants on a tax title deed.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Thum Bros.

A Grand Ball

Will be given at North park pavilion Thursday evening, November 13. You are cordially invited. Bill, 50 cents.

OBITUARY.

Capt. Stephen H. Ballard.

Capt. Stephen H. Ballard, formerly of this city, but of late years a resident of Denver, died at the Nelson homestead on Bostwick street at 11 o'clock Sunday night of valvular difficulty of the heart. He had been ill from the disease since early last summer, but his condition was not considered dangerous, until after his arrival here a few days ago accompanied by his wife. His death was quiet and painless. After being composed for the night he said to his attendants, "I am going to faint," and peacefully breathed his last.

Stephen Hinsdill Ballard was born July 19, A. D. 1836, at Bennington, Vt. In 1839 his father, Rev. James Ballard, with his family, came to Grand Rapids where Stephen resided until the year 1880. His education was obtained in the schools of this city and at Ann Arbor. In 1858-9 he was engaged with a party in surveying the then wild lands of northern Minnesota. After spending about one and a half years in that business he returned to this city and commenced the study of law. After reading law for a short time he attended the law school at Ann Arbor for one year, and on returning entered the law office of Holmes & Champlin, where he read law until his enlistment in the army August 4, 1862. He was mustered into the service as second lieutenant of company A, Sixth regiment of Michigan cavalry, and was a member of that company until he was honorably mustered out of the service June 21, 1865, by reason of the close of the war. At the battle of Gettysburg July 2, 1863, he was taken prisoner and remained a prisoner of war something over twenty months, and was confined at Libby prison, Richmond, Va., Danville, Macon, Georgia, Columbia, and Charleston, South Carolina, at which latter place he was one of a number of federal officers selected and placed under fire of federal guns in the bombardment of the city of Charleston by the Union troops. While in Libby prison he was a member of the band who organized the plan of escape by the celebrated tunnel under the walls of that prison, but did not escape by reason of the premature discovery of the plot by the confederates.

He was exchanged early in the year 1865 and rejoined his regiment at Petersburg, participated in the grand review and went west with his regiment as far as Fort Leavenworth. He was commissioned first lieutenant and appointed captain.

After the war he returned to Grand Rapids, and after reading law and attending the law school at Ann Arbor, in January, 1866, he commenced practice as a member of the firm of Holmes & Ballard, and from that time until the year 1880 he was in the active practice of his profession, during that period being a member of the firm of Standish & Ballard and assistant United States district attorney for the western district of Michigan; also connected with the firm of Taggart & Simonds, prosecuting attorney of Kent county from 1876 to 1878, and a member of the firm of Ballard & Maynard until his removal to Colorado.

His health was so impaired by hardship and exposure while in the service of war that he never had good health afterward, and in 1880 was forced by failing health to a change of climate. Capt. Ballard engaged in the business of stock farming in Colorado, near Denver, for about four years. In 1882 he was elected a member of the Colorado, legislature for two years. In 1884 he removed to Boulder, Colorado, where he practiced law and was city attorney of the city of Boulder. In the spring of 1887 he took up his residence in the city of Denver and opened a law office there and was engaged in the active practice of law until his last sickness.

Capt. Ballard was married in the year 1867 to Sarah S. Nelson, eldest daughter of James M. Nelson, deceased, who with their three children, Mrs. Anna Ballard, wife of W. W. Ballard of Denver, Colorado, Miss Carrie Ballard and Miss Lottie Ballard survive him.

The funeral will take place from the residence, 114 Bostwick street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

REV. WOODFORD'S POSITION.

Why He Objected Publicly to Mr. Johnston's Ordination.

The somewhat sensational feature of the ordination of Rev. H. H. Johnson was the subject of much discussion yesterday in church circles.

Rev. Sidney H. Woodford yesterday protested strenuously to a reporter for the MORNING PRESS that in objecting to the ordination he was actuated only by the highest sense of duty.

"Bishop Gillespie alone," said he, "was reponsible for the public manner in which objection was made. I ought, I suppose, to have known sooner that the ceremony was contemplated for Sunday, but I did not know it until very late Saturday night. Mr. Johnston when he came here said he was to be ordained Christmas. Afterwards it was to take place at Easter time, and when he went away last summer it was thought he was to be ordained then. There has been so much talk about his ordination that if I heard the matter mentioned it made no impression upon me. Working so late Saturday night I did not get up Sunday until nearly 10 o'clock. I immediately sent a note to the bishop giving notice of my protest and saying that if no attention was paid to it I should feel called upon to protest publicly.

"Very well," said the bishop to the messenger, and that was all the reply I received.

"When I entered my protest, which I did at the proper time, in a respectful and reverent manner, with a clear sense of duty, I was under the impression that postpone the ceremony until the charges could be thoroughly investigated. The rubric says: 'And if any great crime or impediment be objected, the bishop shall cease from ordering that person, until such time as the party accused shall be found clear of that crime.' In spite of following the instructions the bishop began an unwonted assault upon me.

"The charges which I made I will be ready at any suitable time and place to substantiate, by witnesses. I do not wish to try this matter in the newspapers, but feel that I acted rightly, and was entirely justified."

Foreclosure Proceedings.

Lily Eichelsdoerfer yesterday commenced foreclosure proceedings in chancery to collect on a promissory note in the sum of $1,600, given by John H. and Sarah Bruist and Abraham B. Knowlson in the purchase of lot 5, block 6 of Centennial plat near the city. The purchase was made April 23, 1889, and the complainant in her declaration sets up that default has been made in the payment as specified on the note, and asks the court to put her in possession of the lands.

Progressive Spiritualists.

Articles of association were filed yesterday by the Progressive Spiritualists' society of Grand Rapids. The purpose of the society is defined to be intellectual, scientific, esthetic, spiritual, religious and liberal culture and inquiry. The annual dues are $4. Any person of good moral character can become a member.

Origin of Time Measure.

The division of the day into twenty-four hours originated with the Egyptians, then passed to Babylon and Greece. Why divided into twenty-four instead of some other number of hours it is impossible to say. The Chinese reckon twelve hours to the day and night—evidently making their hour to correspond with the time of the apparent passage of the sun over one of the twelve zodiacal signs.—St. Louis Republic.

An unprincipled French girl deliberately appropriated seven of Whittier's poems, which she translated into her own language and caused them to be printed as her own in Paris papers and magazines. When the fraud was discovered by an American she boldly declared that Whittier had stolen the poems from her.

For a considerable time Mr. Isbell, of Rivera, Cal., has been troubled by bees, which took possession of the upper part of his house. A few days ago he had them cleared out, and gathered 6,000 pounds of choice honey.

An Austrian has invented an instrument resembling a piano in appearance which contains six violins, two violas and two violoncellos, and is manipulated by a keyboard.

Special Reduced Rates.

If you are thinking of having pictures framed now is the time to get reduced rates in mouldings. F. H. Seymour says that from now until December 1 all frames will be made at greatly reduced prices in order to make room for the new holiday stock on the way. Remember his place, in the new Kendall block, 145 Monroe street.

For the Masonic Home.

The electric cars will connect with the Lyon street cable line for the Masonic home on the hours and half-hours, from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. every day this week, for the convenience of those who wish to visit the home.

JUST received a new line of McIntosh rain coats at Gardiner & Baxter's.

MARKETS BY WIRE.

Financial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—MONEY—Close at 7@12 per cent.

STERLING—Panicky, lower; the market is demoralized.

GOVERNMENT BONDS—Fours. $1.22¼; sixes, $1.13.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—WHEAT—Quiet but steady; No. 2 red winter, $1.04 cash; December, $1.04¼; do May, $1.06¼.

CORN—No. 2, mixed, 50½c cash; do December, 50½c; January, 50½c.

OATS—Dull. No. 2 mixed, 49½c cash; December, 49½c; May, 51½c.

RYE—Dull and unchanged.

PORK—Dull. Mess, $11.25@12.50.

LARD—Nominally unchanged.

BUTTER—Moderately active and firm. Western creamery, fancy, 27@27½c.

EGGS—Quiet; state, fresh, 26@27c; western, 23½@25c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Money in good demand and firm. Clearings, $17,953,000. New York exchanges, 50 discount.

On Change there was unusual confusion at the opening owing to the demoralization in Wall street stocks. Prices became steady later, and there was a fair business. Quotations:

WHEAT—Cash, 95½c; November, 95¾c; December, 97⅝c; May, $1.04¾@1.04½.

CORN—Cash, 39½c; November, 52c; December, 51¾c; January, 51½c; May, 54⅝@54½c.

OATS—Cash, 43½c; December, 43½c; May, 46½c.

PORK—Cash, $9.75; December, $9.75; January, $11.90; May, $12.70.

Detroit.

DETROIT, Nov. 10.—WHEAT—No. 1 white, cash, 95½c; No. 2 red, cash, 97½c; December, 98½c; May, $1.04¼.

CORN—No. 2, cash, 53c; December, 53c.

OATS—No. 2, cash, 47c; No. 3 white, 46½c.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 11,800 bu; corn, 1,000 bu; oats, 3,500 bu.

LOCAL MARKETS.

(CORRECTED DAILY.)

The wheat market is quiet with a declining tendency, opening 2c. Grains are firm, with oats at 48c; corn, 56c. Corn meal and feed, $23.75. The following are the ruling prices for other products:

WOOL—25@30c, washed; 18@23c unwashed.

HAY—$8.00@9.00; straw, $3.50 a load.

SEED—Clover, $4.00@4.50; timothy, $1.50@1.75; alsike, $4.50@4.75 per cord.

HIDES, GREEN, 4½@5c; cured, 6@6½c ℔ lb; calf skins, green, 7@15 lbs, 5@7c ℔ lb; same cured, 7@8c.

SEEDS—Clover seed, $3.00@3.60 to farmers and $4.00@4.25 to the trade; timothy seed, $1.50@1.55; barley, $1.10@1.25; ground feed, $23.50. And meal $23.00 a ton.

FARM PRODUCE—Potatoes, 55@65c; bagas and turnips, 30@40c; cabbages, prime, 60c per doz. heads; squashes, 1@1½c ℔ lb; carrots, 25@30c; onions, 75@90c; beans, $1.80@1.75; celery, 10@15c per doz. bunches; vegetable oysters, 30@35c a doz. bunches; cranberries, 35c per bu; cauliflower, 75c per doz; citrons, 50c per doz.; crab-apples, 60@81.

POP CORN—2@3c ℔ lb.

APPLES—75c@$1; dried apples, 6@7 ℔ lb.

EGGS—Scarce at 19@20c per doz.; butter, 18 @20c ℔ lb; honey, 12½@15c ℔ lb for prime.

FRESH MEATS—POULTRY—Chickens, 10c, and 8@9c for fowls; turkeys and ducks, 10c; beef sides, $4.50@5.00; choice quarters, $3.50@3.00; Pork, $4.50@5.00, and very little on sale. Mutton, $6.00@6.50. Calves, $6.00@6.50. Veal, $6.00@6.50. Lamb, $7. Venison, $6@7 carcass; saddles, $10@12.

GAME—Rabbits, 15@35c ℔ pair; partridges, $3.00@4.00 a doz.; squirrels, 15@30c ℔ pair; plover, 25@40c ℔ pair; snipe, 15@30c ℔ pair; Mallard ducks, 60@75c pair; grouse, 50@70c pair; squabs, 15@25c pair; pigeons, 10@30c pair; woodcocks, 60c pair.

QUOTATIONS TO DEALERS.

Mosley Brothers, wholesale trade: Cranberries, Belle and Cherry, $8.00@9.00 per bbl.; Cape Cods, $7.00 per bbl; No. 1 winter apples, $3.50@3.75 per bbl.; grapes, 40@55c per basket; bananas, $1.75@2.50; lemons, 3c@3½c; oranges, $4@4.75 per box; sweet potatoes, $2.75@3.25; celery, 30@35c per doz. bunches; dried apples are worth 3½c; honey, 18@20c; cheese, full cream, 10½c; chestnuts, $2.25 per bushel; hickory nuts, large, $1.50; small shellbarks, per bu., $2.00@2.25; pop corn, 3c per pound.

Hall, Barnhart, Putnam & Co. quote sugar as follows: Cut loaf, 7¾c; powdered, 7¼c; granulated, 6½c; standard A, 6¼c; extra C, 5¾@6c; and the lower grades, 5½@5½c.

Kerosene oil is quoted at 10½c for water white and 9½c for Michigan test; gasoline, 10½c.

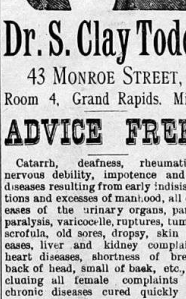
Salt sells in 10 barrel lots at 95c.

Western dealers quote hams at 10½@11c; bacon, 8½@9c; dried beef, 8@9c; mess pork, clear and heavy, $12.50; standard short cut, $12.50; clear back, $13.50; mess beef, $7.50@8.00.

TEETH EXTRACTED FOR 25 CENTS!
SILVER FILLING for 50 CENTS.
GOLD FILLING for $1.00.
A Full Upper or Lower Set of the BEST TEETH for $7.50! Remember you get the Very Best Teeth for that price.
Teeth Filled or Extracted Without Pain by Using a Pain Obtunder.
VITALIZED AIR ADMININSTERED.
Rooms 37, 38 and 39 Wonderly Block, 23 Monroe Street.
Take the Elevator to third floor. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. and Wednesday and Saturday evenings.
M. C. ORSER, - DENTIST.

DR. S. CLAY TODD,
The Famous Nerve Specialist,
Room 4 Immen Blk., 43 Monroe St.,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.,
Cures paralysis, twitchings, pinching or pricking sensations, tremblings, feelings, back of head ache and back of neck pains sometimes running down the arms and back, dizziness, and other symptoms leading to paralysis; nervous debility and female complaints and chronic diseases. Consultations free and confidential. No charge for services until cured. Directions in all languages.
THE POOR LIBERALLY CONSIDERED. ALL DISEASES OF MEN CURED. ALL DISEASES OF WOMEN CURED.

RHEUMATISM ALWAYS CURED
Catarrh and Head Noises Cured.
DROPSY CURED. FITS AND ALL NERVE AND BRAIN DISEASES CURED.
Eye and Ear Diseases Cured! The Only One Who Cures Deafness.



Dr. S. Clay Todd,
43 MONROE STREET,
Room 4, Grand Rapids. Mich.
ADVICE FREE!

Catarrh, deafness, rheumatism, nervous debility, impotence and all diseases resulting from early indiscretions and excesses of manhood, all diseases of the urinary organs, partial paralysis, varicocelle, ruptures, tumors, scrofula, old sores, dropsy, skin diseases, liver and kidney complaints, heart diseases, shortness of breath, back of head, small of back, etc., including all female complaints and chronic diseases cured quickly and permanently.

That cough, slight fever and weakness, shortness of breath, palpitation of heart, may mean sure and quick consumption.

If you are nervous, restless, irritable, sleeping or wake after horrid dreams, tired mornings, with a dull headache, bad taste in the mouth, sometimes discharges, and go about your employment without life, energy or ambition, desire to be alone, gloomy forebodings, a disposition to worry and fret about trouble ahead that never comes, spells of feeling afraid or uncertain, sometimes low spirits, you are suffering from nervous debility and exhaustion of nerve power, which may end in utter prostration, insanity and death.

YOUNG and MIDDLE-AGED.
NERVOUS DEBILITY, Nervous Weakness, resulting from early indiscretions and excesses of manhood, overwork of the brain, improper treatment of some other diseases, improper use of instruments in examinations and treatment of some other diseases, hereditary weakness, etc., causing lost manhood, impotency, barrenness, inability to collect ideas or remember a word during conversation; making the sufferer lose confidence in every one, even himself, causing continual worry and anxiety about troubles that never come; sometimes causing Epilepsy, often causing insanity, one form of Deafness, Paralysis, Nervousness and Heart Disease, inability to conduct business, etc.

If you have a great sense of weakness and weariness, with tired limbs numbness, pimples, sleepless conditions, cold feet and legs, you are advancing to that most serious disease, paralysis.

If your head aches, feels numb and tired, with strange sensations, loss of memory, and you think with difficulty, or you are sleepless at night, with drowsiness and dullness during the day, the nerve and brain fatigue may soon run into insanity or death.

If you have any of these feelings do not neglect them or they will end in paralysis, insanity, prostration or death.

As you value your life do not neglect these warnings. Time and experience have shown, and hundreds of startling and marvellous cures have proved, that these diseases are perfectly and completely cured by DR. S. CLAY TODD, No. 43 Monroe street, room 4, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Under the use of DR. S. CLAY TODD'S remarkable remedies all these symptoms yield as if by magic, and strength of nerves, vigor of brain, vitality of blood and health of body are soon restored.

His remedies are purely vegetable and harmless, and can only be obtained at his office.

DR. TODD compounds his prescriptions before each patient in his office.

DR. TODD'S office is at 43 Monroe street, room 4, Grand Rapids, Mich.

His medicines agree with the stomach and you can eat anything you choose.

He is in his office from 9 in the morning until 7 in the evening, every day but Sunday.

Call, everybody. A friendly talk will cost you nothing.

Low Charges, Rapid Cures.

GENERAL INFORMATION.
Notices not exceeding three lines will be inserted in this column for 10 cents a day.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 218 Ottawa street. tf

WANTED—A porter at Livingston Hotel, 51 and 53 Lyon street. 15

WANTED—A pair of general purpose horses, well broken, single and double, age 3 or 5 years. Walker & Son or Pickle Factory south of Hall, East Grand Rapids office. 11

WANTED—Wanted at once ten good live people either ladies or gents to sell the best household article on the market. Room 23 Hermitage building. 14*

WANTED—Subscribers. The Encyclopedia Britannica will be sold by subscription only in half-calf, cloth and full-Morocco volume at the office of J. L. McClellan, 154 West Fulton street. Agents wanted.

WANTED—Good reliable agents, either ladies or gentlemen to call at No. 38 South Division street and take hold of an honorable and lucrative business, which if handled with energy will be a bonanza for either sex. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 Barclay street. Is large and has modern improvements. Will rent cheap until spring. Fred A. Maynard, rooms 1 and 2 New Houseman block.

TO RENT—Furnished front room down stairs, to rent with or without board; only three blocks from postoffice; private family, 11 Clinton, corner Bridge street. 11

HOUSE FOR RENT—No. 13 Trowbridge st., 11 newly papered and painted. Only five minutes walk from Post Office. Rent $15 per month. Enquire at Waddell manufacturing Co. Corner Taylor and Coldbrook streets.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—No. 9 cook stove with furniture, all in good repair, for $10. Address "S," this office. 12

FOR SALE—An A No. 1 family horse, young, gentle and a good stylish traveler. Dark bay; weighboard 1,000 pounds. Call or address, A. B., Morning Press office.

FOR SALE—Old papers for sale at 25 cts. per hundred at Morning Press office.

FOR SALE—Lot 15 in Andric & Estes addition. We will sell cheap for cash or will take horse and buggy in part pay. Address 139 Hilton street, city. 11

FOR SALE—Babbitt Metal. About 400 pounds of old type; makes first-class babbitt metal. Inquire of L. D. Harris 33 North Ionia street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SITUATION WANTED—Engagement with person going to Pacific coast as laboring assistant, by young single man; best of references; address "A.B.," 6 Barclay Place, city. tf

REMOVED—Fingleton Bros. livery, feed and boarding and sale stable. Formerly 110 Kent street, removed to 51 Kent street.

WANTED—Every young man in Grand Rapids to know that we make money and do with them on a pair of pants or a suit of clothes made to order. Voigt, Herpolsheimer & Co. tf

WANTED—A small store with five living rooms attached, at once; rent not to exceed $12 per month. M. T., 177 Fourth street.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY while people feel blue (over election) then reap the rise next spring. We can sell you 19 lots cast 10 minutes walk from city hall at $300 apiece, two blocks from Cable railroad on the hill. Also houses and lots any terms any part of city, any price, etc. We have $450 to loan, or $1,500 at 7 per cent. Cutts Brok., over Arcadia.

LEGAL ADVERTISING.

MORTGAGE SALE.—John C. Vincent and Jane E. Tibbals, his wife, executed to Jane E. Tibbals a real estate mortgage, containing a power of sale clause, dated the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1889, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Kent county, Michigan, in Liber 140 of Mortgages, on page 300, on the nineteenth day of March, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Default has been made in the payment of the money secured by said mortgage, whereby the said power of sale has become operative. The amount claimed to be due and unpaid of said interest, according to the provisions of said mortgage, is the sum of Twenty Dollars. No proceedings at law or in equity have been instituted to recover said sum of money, or any part thereof. Notice is hereby given that on Friday, the twenty-fifth day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Grand Rapids, Kent county, Michigan, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described, at public auction to the highest bidder, subject, however, to the lien of said mortgage for the principal sum secured thereby, which sale will be made to satisfy the amount due at the date of sale for said interest, together with the legal costs, including the attorney fee allowed by statute, an attorney having been employed for this foreclosure. The land described in said mortgage is lot number thirty-six (36) of Allyn's addition to the city of Grand Rapids, Michigan, according to the plat thereof.
Dated at Grand Rapids, Michigan, October 20th, 1896.
JANE E. TIBBALS, Mortgagee.
JOHN S. LAMB, Mortgagee's Attorney for Mortgagee.

"BUILDING and REALTY."
A Journal for HOME SEEKERS, INVESTMENT and BUILDERS.
1 Year, $1; with premiums.
3 CANAL ST., GRAND RAPIDS.

M. C. SESSIONS,
Real Estate and Loans,
No. 26 Canal Street, Room 4.
Residence 124 Livingston St.
New Houses and Homes for Sale at From $800 to $5,500 on Easy Terms.
GOOD BARGAIN—Business blocks and residence, midway on South Division street where property is rapidly advancing; present rentals exceed 10 per cent on price.
200 for $800 and upwards on easy payments.
FOR RENT—Houses and suits of rooms for $5, $6, $7, $10, $12, $16 per month.

THE MISSES GAGE & BENEDICT'S
SCHOOL FOR DANCING
Company B Armony, Ionia Street.
Private lessons given by appointment.
The opening hop of the season will be held on Thursday night, October 15.
The regular Saturday afternoon class for the fall term will begin on Saturday October 24.
Class for adults on Tuesday evening October 7.
The advanced class for masters and misses will be organized in November.
No pupils will be taken for afternoon class for less than half a term.
Dancing taught privately in advance.
The music will be under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Braun. 95-tf

FOR
Lime, Cement, Hair, Stucco, Lath, Brick,
Fire Clay, Fire Brick, Sewer Pipe, Large Well Pipe, Drain Tile.
TELEPHONE 624-1.
A. B. KNOWLSON, 25 PEARL STREET.

THE GRAND RAPIDS
BOOK BINDERY,
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First Class Blank Books and Fine Book Binding of Every Description.
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To the Money Savers of Grand Rapids!
THE HUB BOOT AND SHOE CO., 69 CANAL ST. Between Lyon St. and Cresent Ave.
We Are the People That Can Save You at Least 25c on All Purchases of
Boots, : Shoes : and : Rubbers!
NOTE OUR PRICES:
Men's Fine Calf Lace or Congress Shoe, $1.10; worth $1.75.
Men's Fine Calf Lace or Congress Shoe, $1.25; worth $1.90.
Men's Fine Calf Lace or Congress Shoe, $1.50; worth $2.15.
Men's Fine Calf Lace or Congress Shoe, $1.75; worth $2.50.
Men's Fine Calf Lace or Congress Shoe, $2.00; worth $3.00.
Hand-Sewed Congress or Lace, $2.50 and $3.00; worth $4.00.
We have BURT & PACKARD, HANAN & SON and HATHAWAY, SOULE & HARRINGTON Fine Shoes in All Styles, Widths and Last,
Ladies' Fine Kid or Dongola Button Shoe, Any Style Toe and Heel, $1.13 worth $1.70.
Ladies' Fine Kid or Dongola Button Shoe, Any Style Toe and Heel, $1.25 worth $2.00.
Ladies' Fine Kid or Dongola Button Shoe, Any Style Toe and Heel, $1.49 worth $2.25.
Ladies' Fine Kid or Dongola Button Shoe, Any Style Toe and Heel, $1.75 worth $2.50.
Ladies' Fine Kid or Dongola Button Shoe, Any Style Toe and Heel, $2.00 worth $3.00.
Ladies' English Walkphaust Button Boots, from AA to EE, $2.50; worth $4.00
Ladies' Finest Corksole Button Boots, Strictly Waterproof, $3.00. worth $4.50
Ladies' Finest Tackless Button Boots for Tender Feet, $3.50; worth $5.00
Children's Button School Shoes, 70 Cents; worth $1.15.
Children's Button School Shoes, 80 Cents; worth $1.25.
Children's Button School Shoes, 90 Cents; worth $1.40.
Children's Button School Shoes, 100 Cents; worth $1.50.
These are in Kid, Goat or Dongola, Heel and Spring Heel, in any Style, Size and Widths.
Extra High Cut Dongola Button Shoes, Heel and Spring, $1.23; worth $2.00

RUBBER GOODS! RUBBER GOODS!
MEN'S DEPARTMENT
Boston Best Rubber Boots, - - $2 30 | American Best Rubber Boots, - $1.73
Candee Best Rubber Boots, - - $2 43 | Hip Boots Knee Boots, Sporting Boots.
Goodyear Best Rubber Boots, - $1 95 | Men's Best Rubbers, 37c, 40c, and 50c.
Boys' Best Rubber Boots, in all Styles, $1.21, $1.37, $1.49, $1.65.
Ladies' Best Rubber Boots, in all Styles, 90c, 95c, $1.13, $1.43.
Child's Best Rubber Boots, in all Styles, 62c, 73c, 81c, 97c.
Ladies' Best Quality Rubbers, all Styles, - 19c, 21c, 23c, 25c.
Misses' Best Quality Rubbers, all Styles, - - - 17c, 20c, 22c. 24c.
Child's Best Quality Rubbers, all Styles, - - 13c, 18c, 21c, 22c.

TRY THE
HUB BOOT AND SHOE CO.,
69 Canal Street.

Just Received
OUR NEW
WALL PAPERS.
WE EMPLOY NOTHING BUT SKILLED DECORATORS AND MAKE ESTIMATES ON DECORATING.
NEW DESIGNS —IN— PICTURE FRAME MOULDINGS.
ALSO A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF ETCHINGS, PASTELS, ETC., ARE DAILY ARRIVING. WE INVITE INSPECTION, AS WE ARE SURE TO PLEASE YOU. OUR ASSORTMENT IS THE LARGEST. OUR PRICES THE LOWEST.
HARVEY & HEYSTEK,
74 and 76 Ottawa St.

MILLINERY.
LOOK AT THIS SCALE OF PRICES:
Every Hat of the Latest Style.
Trimmed Walking Hats for ... $1 25 to $ 2 50
Best ones for Sunday for ... 3 00 to 4 00
Pattern Hats for ... 5 00 to 12 00
No More Such High Prices as Milliners Used to Charge.
Plumes, all colors for ... $1 00 to $6 00
Tips by the bunch for ... 75 to 5 00
Birds, apiece, for ... 25 to 3 00
I Defy Any Firm
To sell their goods cheaper than you can find at my house, except such are old styles or inferior trimmings.
ALL I REQUEST IS
That each and every lady will take pains to examine where they can get
THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.
And I am positive that, after due examination, all will trade at the Millinery Parlor,
NO. 27 CANAL ST.